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              IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                  EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
 3
                      MARSHALL DIVISION
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   PA ADVISORS, LLC,
 6
        Plaintiff,
                     Case No. 2-07CV-480-RRR
 7
        vs.
    GOOGLE INC., ET AL.,
 8
 9
        Defendants.
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11
12
           DEPOSITION OF PAUL STANLEY PETERS, JR.
13
                   Tuesday, February 9, 2010
14
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17
    REPORTED BY:
18
    HOLLY MOOSE, RDR-CRR-CRP
    CSR NO. 6438
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	233. Taur Stainey Teters, 31.		
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1	APPEARANCES	1	INDEX
2	FOR THE PLAINTIFF:	2	
3	RUSS, AUGUST & KABAT	3	DEPOSITION OF PAUL STANLEY PETERS, JR.
4	BY: MARC A. FENSTER, ESQ.	4	
5	12424 Wilshire Boulevard, 12th Floor	5	EXAMINATION BY: PAGE
6	Los Angeles, CA 90025	6	MR. FENSTER 7
7	(310)979-8278	7	AFTERNOON SESSION 75
8	Email: mfenster@raklaw.com	8	
9		9	PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBITS
10	FOR THE DEFENDANT GOOGLE:	10	Exhibit 1 Report Of Defendant's Expert Stanley
11	QUINN, EMANUEL, URQUHART, OLIVER & HEDGE	S 11	Peters Concerning Invalidity,
12	BY: ANDREA PALLIOS ROBERTS, ESQ.	12	59 pages 24
13	BRIAN CANNON, ESQ.	13	Exhibit 2 Exhibit B, 6 pages 24
14	555 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 560	14	Exhibit 3 United States Patent No. US 6,199,067
15	Redwood Shores, CA 94065	15	B1, GGL-PA00003640-68, 29 pages 78
16	(650)801-5000	16	Exhibit 4 Exhibit D, 33 pages 130
17	Email: andreaproberts@quinnemanuel.com	17	Exhibit 5 Curriculum Vitae, Paul Stanley Peters,
18		18	Jr., 15 pages 173
19	FOR THE DEFENDANT YAHOO!:	19	o0o
20	HOWREY, LLP	20	INSTRUCTIONS NOT TO ANSWER
21	BY: JASON C. WHITE, ESQ.	21	19/12; 20/17; 21/12; 47/14; 73/8
22	321 North Clark Street, Suite 3400	22	
23	Chicago, IL 60654	23	o0o
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25	Email: whitej@howrey.com	25	
	3		5
1	APPEARANCES (CONTINUED)	1	BE IT REMEMBERED that, pursuant to Notice and
2		2	on Tuesday, February 9, 2010, commencing at the hour of
3	ALSO PRESENT: Carey Mook, Videographer	3	10:04 a.m., before me, HOLLY MOOSE, CSR No. 6438.
4	Hundt Reporting	4	Certified Shorthand Reporter in the State of California,
5		5	there personally appeared
6	TAKEN AT:	6	
7	QUINN, EMANUEL, URQUHART, OLIVER & HEDGE	S 7	PAUL STANLEY PETERS, JR.,
8	555 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 560	8	
9	Redwood Shores, CA 94065	9	called as a witness by the Plaintiff, who, having been
10	(650)801-5000	10	first duly sworn, was examined and testified as
11		11	hereinafter set forth:
12	-0-	12	
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8 6 1 **PROCEEDINGS** 10:04 A.M. 1 Q. And on behalf of which party were you 2 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Good morning. We are now on 2 testifying? 3 the record. This is the digital video deposition of A. I was testifying on behalf of the defendant. Stanley Peters, testifying in the matter of PA Advisors Q. And what was the subject matter of your 5 5 versus Google, et al., in the United States District testimony? Court, Eastern District of Texas, Marshall Division, 6 A. It was about the construction of one of the 7 case number 2:07-CV-480-DVF [sic]. terms in the patent. 8 This deposition is being held at Quinn Emanuel, 8 Q. Did you have any other -- were there any other 9 et al., 555 Twin Dolphin Drive, Fifth Floor, Redwood 9 topics that you opined on other than claim construction? 10 Shores, California. Today's date is Tuesday, 10 A. No. 11 February 9th, 2010, and the time on the video screen 11 O. And what law firm did you -- were you retained is 10:04 a.m. 12 12 by in that case? 13 My name is Carey Mook, and I'm a certified 13 A. In that case, I was retained by Quinn Emanuel. legal video specialist with Hundt Reporting. The 14 14 Q. What attorneys did you work with in that case? certified shorthand reporter today is Holly Moose, also 15 15 A. Trying to remember the name. Kevin Johnson, 16 in association with Hundt Reporting. 16 think it was, and Evette Pennypacker. 17 Will all counsel now please state your 17 Q. Okay. Have you ever been retained as an expert 18 appearance for the record. 18 in any other cases besides this one and the University 19 MR. FENSTER: Marc Fenster with Russ, August & 19 of Texas case? 20 Kabat on behalf of the plaintiff. 20 A. Just one other. 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Andrea Pallios Roberts 21 Q. And what was that? 22 with Quinn Emanuel on behalf of Google. 22 A. That was a criminal case about 25 years ago. 23 MR. WHITE: Jason White with Howrey on behalf 23 Someone was charged with perjury. 24 of defendant Yahoo!. 24 Q. Okay. Have you done any -- so you haven't been 25 MR. CANNON: This is Brian Cannon from Quinn 25 retained as an expert in a patent case in any other 1 Emanuel. cases besides this one and the University of Texas case; 2 2 is that correct? THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Okay. If there are no 3 3 stipulations, would the court reporter please administer A. That's correct. 4 Q. Okay. Have you ever done any work regarding 4 the oath. 5 (Witness sworn.) 5 invalidity prior to this case? 6 PAUL STANLEY PETERS, JR., 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 7 having been first duly sworn, testified as follows: 7 THE WITNESS: So have I testified about 8 8 invalidity; is that what you're asking? Or ... **EXAMINATION BY** 9 9 MR. FENSTER: Q. Good morning, Dr. Peters. MR. FENSTER: O. Have you ever done any expert 10 10 opinion or consulting work regarding patent invalidity A. Good morning. 11 Q. Can you state your name and address for the 11 prior to this case? 12 A. Well, the validity of the patent was part of 12 record, please. A. I'm Stanley Peters, and I live at 128 Hillside what the claims construction -- I guess it was at issue 13 13 14 in the claims construction case. 14 Avenue, Menlo Park, California. 15 Q. Have you been deposed before? 15 Q. Did you render any opinions in the University 16 A. Once, yes. 16 of Texas case regarding validity? 17 Q. In what context? 17 A. I rendered an opinion that the term about which A. I was deposed as an expert in another case. I was asked to testify was indeterminate. 18 18 19 Q. What other case was that? 19 Q. Was that a means plus function claim; do you 20 20 A. It was a patent case about four years ago. recall? A. I'm sorry, I don't know what that means. 21 Q. Okay. What was the name of the case? 21 22 A. Truth to tell, I don't remember. It was the 22 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 MR. FENSTER: Okay. 23 University of Texas suing some cell phone companies. 24 O. And did you testify at trial in that case? 24 Q. Have you ever done any consulting or expert 25 work regarding validity based on prior art prior to this A. I testified in a Markman hearing.

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- case? 2 A. Well, the question of prior art came up in that
- 3 other case as to whether the term was -- was definite in
- terms of its use in prior art. But I don't know if
- 5 that's what you mean here.
- 6 Q. Have you ever been asked, prior to this case,
- 7 to do any analysis or render an opinion regarding
- 8 invalidity for obviousness?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. Have you ever, prior to this case, been asked
- to do any analysis or render an opinion regarding
- invalidity under -- for anticipation? Do you know what

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- 14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- 15 THE WITNESS: So do I know what anticipation
- is. I think anticipation is a legal term that means 16
- 17 claim of a patent is entirely encompassed by some prior
- 18 patent or other prior art.
- 19 MR. FENSTER: Q. Prior to this case, have you 20 ever been asked to render any opinion or do any analysis
- 2.1 regarding invalidity for anticipation?
- 22 A. I guess I'm not quite clear on what the
- 23 question is. I'm not -- I was asked to render an
- opinion in this case about the validity of the claims,
- 25 not about anticipation or any other specific thing.
- 11
- 1 O. You were asked to analyze the -- all aspects of 2 validity of the claims in this case?
- MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 3
- 4 THE WITNESS: I was asked -- I was asked about
- 5 the patent and the claims that are at issue and to study
- 6 them, and then I was asked to give my opinions about
- 7 validity.
- 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And did you consider
- 9 all potential aspects of validity?
- 10 A. Insofar as I was aware of them.
- 11 Q. And you were aware of anticipation at the time?
- 12
- 13 Q. So my question was, prior to this case have you
- 14 ever been asked to do any analysis or render any
- 15 opinions regarding invalidity for anticipation?
- 16 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- 17 THE WITNESS: Well, I'm -- as I say -- so if --
- if you're assuming that I was asked about anticipation 18
- 19 as a part of the general question of validity in this
- 20 case, if that's what -- if that's the assumption you're
- 21 making, I was just asked the question in general terms 22
- without any specific suggestions.
- 23 But no, I haven't -- I have not actually worked 24 on the question of anticipation in any other case.
- 25 MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, it's important

- that we get a clear record today. And so if at any
- point you don't understand a question, will you ask me
- 3 to clarify it?
  - A. I will.
- 5 Q. Okay. And if you don't hear a question, will
- 6 you ask me to repeat it?
- A. Yes.
- 8 Q. If you give an answer, is it fair to assume
- 9 that you've heard the question and you understood it?
- 10 A. I'm trying to give you the best answers that I
- 11 can to the questions as I understand them. And I
- 12 will -- that's why I was asking for clarification about
- what you meant by had I been asked before this case to 14
  - render an opinion as to anticipation.
  - As I say, your question seems to presuppose I was asked specifically about anticipation, and that's
- 17 not the case. That's why I did try to get you to
- 18 clarify the question in this case.
- 19 To the best of my ability, I'll answer every
- 20 question accurately and as I --
- 21 Q. Fair enough.
- 22 A. -- best understand it.
  - Q. Is there anything that would prevent you from
- 24 giving your best testimony today?
- 25 A. No.
- 1 O. Okay. What did you do to prepare for your
  - deposition today?
  - 3 A. Well, I reviewed my report; I reviewed the
  - patent; I reviewed some of the art that I had cited in
  - my report; I met yesterday, I think it was, with
  - 6 attorneys.

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- 7 Q. Who did you meet with?
  - A. Well, I met with the three attorneys here in
- 9 this room with us today.
  - Q. Ms. Roberts, Mr. White and Mr. Cannon?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. Okay. Did you meet with anyone else in
- 13 preparation for your deposition?
- 14 A. No.
  - Q. Where did you meet yesterday?
- 16 A. We met here in these law offices.
- 17 Q. Okay. And how long did you meet yesterday?
- A. Took pretty much of the day. I don't remember 18
- 19 exact times.
- 20 Q. Approximately how many hours did you meet
- 21 yesterday?
- 22 A. It probably was six or seven.
- 23 Q. Did you have any other meetings or do anything
  - else to prepare for your deposition, other than what
- you've just described?

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their opinions.

than anything the expert may have relied upon in forming

MR. FENSTER: Q. Before you rendered your

initial impressions, were you aware that Mr. Cannon

represented the defendant in the case?

14 16 1 1 A. No. A. Well, I know he told me there was a lawsuit. I Q. Did you review any other documents other than don't recall him telling me who the defendant was, 3 your report, the patent and some art in preparation for although he might have. And -- no, I don't actually your deposition? remember if he told me which side he was representing. 5 5 A. Oh, well, I did review, for example, the But since he didn't really -- he was asking me 6 rebuttal report, I think it's called, of Dr. Rhyne. 6 for information about the patent. It wasn't much of an 7 7 Q. Anything else? inference for me to guess that he was not representing 8 8 A. Not that I can remember at this time. the plaintiff. 9 9 Q. What prior art did you review in preparation Q. You understood before you gave your initial 10 10 for your deposition today? impressions that Mr. Cannon represented the defendant in 11 A. Well, I looked back at some of the Salton books 11 the case; is that correct? 12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 12 that I had cited. I looked back at a couple of the 13 13 THE WITNESS: When I talked to Mr. Cannon, I patents that are mentioned in my report. 14 14 Q. Do you recall which ones? talked to him about the substance of the patent. We're 15 15 A. I looked at Culliss; I looked at Herz, as I talking about the initial conversation now, right? 16 16 MR. FENSTER: Mm-hm. recall. 17 17 Q. Any other art that you reviewed? THE WITNESS: I just talked to him about the 18 A. Not to the best of my recollection at this 18 substance of the patent. I really wasn't much 19 point. 19 interested in which party he was representing. I was 20 Q. Okay. When were you retained on this case? 20 happy to try and shed some light on what the patent was 21 A. About a year ago. Maybe a little more. 21 about. 22 22 Q. Can you be any more specific? MR. FENSTER: O. Dr. Peters, can you answer my 23 23 A. Well, as I recall, it was late 2008. question, please. My question is, when you first 24 24 Q. And who were you contacted by? talked -- strike that. 25 25 A. I think I was contacted by Mr. Cannon. My question is you understood, before you gave 15 17 1 Q. And what did he tell you about the case? What your initial impressions, that Mr. Cannon represented did he tell you when he first contacted you? the defendant in this case; is that correct? 2 3 A. Well, he told me that he was working on a case MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 3 4 and that he thought that I might be able to help him 4 THE WITNESS: I don't know that it is. I don't 5 5 understand some of the issues and that he would like to know at what point I came to the conjecture that he 6 talk about it. 6 represented the defendant. 7 7 O. What happened next? MR. FENSTER: O. Did you run a conflict check 8 8 before you gave him your initial impressions? A. Well, we met --9 9 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. A. Probably. I don't -- you know, we're talking 10 MR. FENSTER: Go ahead. 10 about more than a year ago. Probably, but I really 11 THE WITNESS: We met and he showed me the 11 don't remember. 12 patent, as I recall, and I read it and gave him my 12 Q. Have you talked -- who else have you talked initial impressions of, you know, what the field was, 13 with about this case, other than the three attorneys you 13 14 what the patent was about. 14 mentioned? 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. Did he tell you that he was 15 A. One other attorney here at Quinn Emanuel. 16 16 looking for an opinion regarding invalidity? Q. Who's that? 17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I'm going to object. I 17 A. Cheryl Galvin. think we're getting close to the areas that the 18 Q. Have you talked with anyone else other than 18 19 19 protective order says are not discoverable, namely those four attorneys about this case? communications between counsel and the experts, other A. Well, let's see. I've talked to attorneys from

Quinn Emanuel and from Howrey. Principal contacts have

been the people we've already talked about, as far as I

can recall. Have I talked with other attorneys in those

Q. Okay. Have you talked with anyone other than

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firms? Possibly.

20 18 1 attorneys inside either Quinn or Howrey about this case? 1 question. A. Well, let's see. I think there was -- there --2 MR. FENSTER: What you did is you stated a 3 3 basis. I'll ask the question again. You can either so who was present at every meeting; that's what you're asking me, I guess. instruct or not, I guess. 5 5 Q. My question, Mr. Peters, is have you talked MR. CANNON: Brian, that is a different 6 with anyone else other than attorneys from Quinn or 6 question (inaudible) --7 7 Howrey regarding this case? THE REPORTER: I can't hear you, sorry. 8 A. Well, if I had, it would have been an attorney 8 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: I'm sorry ... 9 9 MR. FENSTER: Q. What aspects of validity were for one of the defendants who was attending a meeting. 10 you asked to render opinions on? 10 That's the only other person. 11 O. Okay. What did you understand the scope of 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Object again on the same 12 basis. You're asking him for what he was asked by 12 what you were asked to do? 13 A. Well, initially I was simply asked to try to 13 counsel. 14 14 MR. FENSTER: I don't care if you instruct or shed light on the field of the patent, which I did. 15 15 not. But you've stated an objection; you haven't stated Eventually, more recently, this past fall, I 16 was contacted again by Quinn Emanuel and I was asked to 16 an instruction. Are you instructing him not to answer? MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I will instruct him not 17 render an opinion about validity of the claims that are 17 18 18 to answer on that basis. If you can ask your question 19 Q. And specifically you were asked to render an 19 in some other way, you're welcome to try. 20 20 opinion that the claims of the patent were invalid, MR. FENSTER: Thank you very much. 21 correct? 21 Q. And you'll follow your counsel's instruction? 22 22 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 23 THE WITNESS: That's not correct. I was asked Q. What did you -- what aspects of validity did 24 24 you understand were within the purview of your task? for my honest opinion on validity. 25 MR. FENSTER: Q. And when did that -- when 25 A. My understanding was that for the specific 19 21 1 were you asked to do this? claims that are at issue, any aspect of validity was 2 A. Oh, the first meetings were October or potentially rel -- at issue. Q. Okay. And it's your testimony that you were 3 thereabouts of 2009. 4 Q. And what were you asked to consider regarding asked to give -- to render an honest opinion regarding 5 validity? every aspect of validity regarding those asserted 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I'm going to object 6 claims; is that correct? 7 7 again. This is not discoverable information under the A. I --8 8 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. And terms of the protective order. 9 MR. FENSTER: Are you instructing him not to 9 again, you're asking about what -- about the 10 answer what he was asked -- the scope of what he was 10 communications with counsel. 11 asked to do? 11 THE WITNESS: Well, let me --12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I am instructing him not 12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: So I'll instruct him no to answer the content of communications with counsel. 13 13 to answer on that basis. 14 14 which is specifically not discoverable --THE WITNESS: Okay, well, if I'm instructed not MR. FENSTER: Okay. Are you --15 15 to answer, then I won't answer. 16 16 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: -- under the protective MR. FENSTER: Q. Is it your testimony that it 17 order unless it's information that he relied upon in 17 was your understanding that you were to -- that you were tasked to render an honest opinion as to every aspect of 18 forming his opinions. 18 19 MR. FENSTER: Okay. Are you instructing him 19 validity of the asserted claims? 20 20 not to answer this question? A. Well, first of all, I absolutely took it as my 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I've just stated the 21 job to render an honest opinion on these claims. 22 22 basis for the instruction. And secondly, yes, there was never the 23 MR. FENSTER: Are you instructing him not to 23 slightest suggestion from any of the attorneys that I've 24 answer this question? 24 been dealing with that I should do anything other than 25 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I just answered your that, if that's what you're trying to get at.

22 24 Q. My question is was it your understanding that 1 1 anticipation; is that correct? you were to render an opinion regarding every aspect of 2 A. I think that's right. 3 3 validity that you could consider regarding the asserted Q. Did you state that in your report? 4 A. No. 5 5 A. I thought your question was -- had to do with O. Why not? A. It wasn't relevant to my report. 6 the honesty of my opinion. I --6 7 7 Q. It's both. Q. In your report you include a list of materials 8 A. Well, I was asked to render an opinion -- an 8 that you reviewed; is that correct? 9 9 honest opinion about any aspect of validity that I A. Yes. 10 thought was potentially relevant. 10 Q. And in that list of materials, you -- actually, 11 O. Okay. And what aspects of validity did you 11 let me back up. 12 consider? 12 I'll place before you what's been marked as 13 A. Well, I considered the ones I knew about. 13 Peters Exhibit 1. Do you recognize that document? Those would be anticipation. The claims construction 14 14 A. It looks like my report -- or part of had already occurred, so those were defined. I thought 15 15 thereof -- part of it. about obviousness. I thought about being -- having it 16 16 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 1 17 described carefully -- written description, I guess it's 17 marked for identification.) 18 called -- being described carefully enough that you 18 MR. FENSTER: And I'll hand you Exhibit 2 19 could actually follow it. And I thought about 19 which was Exhibit B to your report. 20 usefulness, utility. 20 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 2 Q. Anything else? 21 21 marked for identification.) 22 A. Those are the ones that I can think of at the 22 MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you recognize that? 2.3 23 moment. A. Yes, that's a list of materials that I did 24 O. Did you consider enablement? 24 review. 25 A. Yes, I see. Isn't written description an 25 Q. Okay. And is this list of materials that we've 23 aspect of enablement? marked as Exhibit 2 -- is this a complete list of all 2 Q. Tell me your understanding. 2 the materials that you reviewed in preparation of your 3 A. Well, that was my understanding. If you want 3 to be able to practice a patent, it has to be 4 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 5 described -- you know, the invention has to be described THE WITNESS: It includes all the materials 6 clearly enough to allow you to do that. that I used. I made thorough searches of the Internet 7 7 O. Okav. and looked at a lot of things. 8 8 A. I'm not a lawyer, you understand, and so ... MR. FENSTER: Q. Did you do your own search but that's my understanding. 9 for prior art? A. I did. 10 10 Q. And did you render any opinions -- strike that. 11 Did you reach any conclusions regarding the 11 Q. Can you describe that search. anticipation -- the validity, based on anticipation, of 12 A. Well, I used Internet search engines to search 12 13 the asserted claims? 13 for aspects of the patent -- aspects of the -- the 14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 14 invention to see how they related to prior art. 15 THE WITNESS: I -- did I reach any conclusions. 15 I used tools to search for patents that were 16 16 I certainly didn't report that I think it was potentially relevant in the same field. 17 anticipated. 17 I also read books that I had available on the MR. FENSTER: Q. Is it fair to say that you 18 subject, so ... the usual means of scholarly search. 18 19 concluded that the patent was not invalid for 19 Q. Okay. Did you -- would you characterize your 20 anticipation? 20 search as thorough? 21 A. No, that wouldn't be fair to say. I mean, I 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 22 22 did not find another patent that encompassed all of the THE WITNESS: I did do quite a thorough search 23 claim -- the limitations on any -- the claims. 23 MR. FENSTER: Q. How much time did you spend 24 O. Okay. You did not find any prior art reference searching for prior art for the Geller patent? that would render any of the asserted claims invalid for A. Well, I -- I spent over a hundred hours

- preparing the report. I don't know how much of that 1
- time was spent searching and how much was in preparing
- 3 the report and so on. But quite a lot of time.
- Q. Did you find prior art references that were not 4 5 previously provided to you by the attorneys?
- 6 A. Yes, I did.
- 7 Q. Did you list those on your list of references
- 8 considered?
- 9 A. The ones that I felt it was useful to quote in 10 the report are all listed there.
- 11 Q. Do you know which of the references cited were ones that you found that were not previously provided to 12 13 you by the attorneys?
- 14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- 15 THE WITNESS: Do I know? Yes.
- 16 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you identify them for me, 17 please.
- 18 A. Well, there's a number of articles on here.
- 19 The Salton books, I had identified. Those, I think,
- 20 were also subsequently presented by attorneys, not
- 21 surprisingly, those being classics in the field. These
- 22 articles by McKeown, Menczer, Belkin, Church, Robertson,
- 23 a number of those are articles that I found on my own.
- 24 Q. Can you identify which of these references you
- 25 found that were not previously provided to you by the

1 what you mean.

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- 2 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Anything that you
- 3 considered and relied on is listed in this -- in this
- 4 Exhibit 2, correct?
  - A. What I --

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- 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- 7 THE WITNESS: What I based my report on is
- 8 listed in this exhibit.
- MR. FENSTER: Q. Is there anything that you 10 relied on in forming your opinions that is not listed in 11 Exhibit B?
- 12 A. Well, I'm trying to answer your question, but I 13 guess I don't quite understand what you mean by "rely on." Is it a legal term or ... you know, I'm -- I've 14
- 15 just answered it in a couple of different ways, and I'm 16 clearly not understanding something about it.
- Q. What was your intention in compiling this list 17 18 of materials?
- 19 A. To disclose the things that form the basis of 20 my opinion as I presented it in my written report.
- 21 Q. Okay. So it was not -- Exhibit B was not 22 intended to include all the materials that you reviewed
- in forming your opinion; is that correct? 23 24 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
  - THE WITNESS: Again, I don't know how to answer

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- 1 attorneys?
- 2 A. Well, I --
- 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- 4 THE WITNESS: -- thought I just gave you a
- 5 extensive list of them.
- 6 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Is that an exhaustive
- 7 list?
- 8 A. Probably not. No. For example, this Myaeng
- 9 reference, I also found.
- 10 Q. Dr. Peters, let me be clear. I'm not asking
- 11 for isolated examples. I'm asking if you can identify
- which of these references you found that were not 12
- previously provided by the attorneys. 13
- 14 A. Well, no, I don't -- if you're asking me to say
- exactly which ones I found and which ones I didn't find 16
- on my own, I probably can't tell you exactly right here 17 on the spot.
- 18 Q. Okay. Fair enough. Are there any materials 19 that you considered that are not listed on Exhibit B?
- 20 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- 21 THE WITNESS: Well, I don't know what you mean
- 22 by "considered." As I say, I looked around extensively.
- 23 In the course of doing so, you find all sorts of things
- 24 that search engines throw up which might be relevant and
- turn out not to be. Did I consider those? I'm not sure

- the question. It's -- I stand by my report and am 2 prepared to back it up based on the materials in Exhibi
- 3 B.

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- 4 MR. FENSTER: Q. On page 1 of Exhibit B, the
- 5 third item listed is invalidity contentions dated
- 6 November 14, 2008. Do you see that?
- 7 A. Yes, I do. 8
  - Q. Okay. And did you review invalidity
- 9 contentions dated November 14, 2008?
- 10 A. So I think when I was -- you know, last fall,
- 11 2009, when I started this, I believe that was given to
- 12 me. I skimmed through that and found it most difficul
- 13 to understand. So if I reviewed it, it certainly didn't
- 14 have much of an impact on my subsequent thinking.
- 15 Q. Did you have an understanding that the 16 invalidity contentions dated November 14, 2008 were
- 17 drafted by attorneys for the defendants?
- 18 A. I didn't know who drafted them, but they sure 19 read like attorneys' documents.
- 20 Q. Did you understand, based on your review of 21 that document, that the attorneys for the defendants
- 22 were asserting that several references, prior art
- 23 references, rendered the asserted claims of the Geller
- 24 patent invalid for anticipation?
  - A. Oh, for anticipation. Well, I don't recall

30 32 1 whether that -- it didn't make a big impression on me if attached to your report. I did actually realize that some of the references were A. They're part of the report. 3 3 Q. Okay. Who did the -- who prepared the charts? being cited as anticipatory. 4 A. They were prepared at my direction. These were 4 Q. To the extent the attorneys for the defendants 5 asserted that any prior art references did anticipate things that I had found, and I directed the -- the 6 the asserted claims of the Geller patent, is it fair to charts be prepared showing the art by limitations of 7 say that you did not reach the same conclusion? those claims. 8 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 8 Q. Okay. What do you mean they were prepared at 9 9 THE WITNESS: I don't know which ones they your direction? 10 A. I said which portions of the art pertain to 10 thought anticipated, off the top of my head. But as I -- as I answered earlier, I didn't find references 11 which claim -- to which limitation. 12 12 Q. Okay. that, in my view, anticipated. And that's why I didn't 13 A. And the -- as I say, I don't know -- presumably put in my report that I thought the patent -- that 14 14 some stenographer actually produced the documents that claims were anticipated. 15 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. Were you given any other we both have in our possession. 16 invalidity contentions, other than those dated 16 Q. But it's your testimony that you identified 17 November 14, in this case? 17 each portion that appears in the right-hand column of 18 A. Not as far as I remember. I only faintly 18 the charts that are part of your report; is that 19 19 correct? remember those, to be honest. 20 20 Q. Okay. You don't recall seeing any amended A. They are -- they all are part of my report, 21 invalidity contentions in or around November of 2009? 21 yes. 22 22 A. I don't remember seeing them. If I was given O. My question isn't whether they're part of your 23 23 report. I understand that the charts are part of your those -- well, I don't think I was given them. I report. My question is, is it your testimony that you certainly don't remember seeing them. 25 personally identified each portion of each prior art I have to admit, you know, lawyerese really 31 33 didn't help me in thinking about the questions I was reference that -trying to think about. 2 A. There --Q. Referring to Exhibit 1, your report, how was --O. Excuse me. You need -- for us to get a clear 3 4 how did this come to be prepared? record, we can't talk over each other. And so I need to 5 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. wait for you to finish and you need to wait for me to 6 THE WITNESS: How did it come to be prepared. 6 finish. 7 7 Well, I studied the materials we've been talking about, A. Very good. 8 8 including the patent and prior art, and I wrote down Q. Thank you. Is it your testimony, Dr. Peters, preliminary drafts of my views on things. I asked the that you personally identified each portion of each attorneys about the law and -- you know, as -- for 10 10 prior art reference that appears in the right-hand 11 clarification of legal points -- and made a draft. 11 columns of the charts that are part of your report? 12 MR. FENSTER: Q. Who actually wrote this 12 A. That's absolutely my belief. The charts are report? 13 13 hundreds of pages long, but I identified all those 14 A. Well, I wrote it. 14 things. I did my best to check that they are as I 15 Q. Did you? 15 directed them to be. 16 A. Yes. 16 Q. And it's your testimony that it was your 17 Q. All aspects of it? 17 original work product, that you personally are the one 18 A. All aspects of it. You mean did I type it? that identified which portions to put in those charts; 18 19 19 is that correct? 2.0 A. I typed multiple drafts of it. Did somebody 20 A. I did --21 else type this draft? It was probably prepared by a 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 22 22 stenographer. MR. FENSTER: Q. Is that correct? 23 23 Q. Do you dictate? A. I did identify them, yes. 24 24 A. No, I write longhand and on computer. O. Okay.

A. Can I just -- I'm not quite sure the force of

Q. Okay. There are a number of charts that were

- 1 the objections here. So can I just get some
- 2 clarification about ...
- 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Unless I instruct you not
- 4 to answer, you can answer the question.
- 5 THE WITNESS: Okay. Okay. Thank you.
- 6 MR. FENSTER: Q. Is your report a complete
- 7 statement of your opinions -- of the opinions that you
- 8 have reached in this case regarding the validity of the
- 9 Geller patent?
- 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- THE WITNESS: Yes. I mean, I did the work; I
- 12 came to opinions, and I wrote them in the report, and
- 13 it -- it states them.
- MR. FENSTER: Q. Are there any opinions that
- 15 you reached that are not included in the report?
- A. Well, the report reserves the right to add to
- 17 it under certain circumstances. Those circumstances
- 18 haven't arisen. I don't add to it at this -- I don't
- 19 wish to add to it at this point.
- Q. Okay. So as you sit here today, this report is
- 21 a complete statement of the opinions you formed in this
- 22 case, correct?
- A. I believe that's the case.
- Q. Okay. And is it -- does it have a -- strike
- 25 that.

- 1 puzzling me about your question.
  - MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, can you answer my question, please. I understand you have lots to say.
- 4 The purpose of a deposition, I get to ask questions and
- 5 you are to give -- to answer those questions as
- 6 precisely as you're able to.
- A. Okay. Well, the only answer I can give you is
- 8 I don't know.
  - Q. Was it your intention to set forth in your
- 10 report all of the analysis that's necessary to support
- 11 your opinions?

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- A. That was my intention.
- Q. And as you sit here today, are you aware of any
- 14 analysis that you forgot to include or did not include
- 15 in your report?
  - A. Not aware of it.
- O. Dr. Peters, there were two sets of exhibits to
- 18 your report. There were some ACC exhibits, which were
- 19 invalidity charts.
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. And I have 13 of those. Does that sound right?
- A. That sounds right.
  - Q. Okay. And I also had some AR exhibits, and I
- 24 found 24 of those. Does that sound right?
- A. That sounds right too.

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- Does it contain all the bases for those opinions?
- 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- THE WITNESS: Again, I'm -- so the report tries to present reasoning in support of conclusions and
- 6 opinions. And yes, it contains that reasoning.
- 7 MR. FENSTER: Q. And does it include all the 8 analysis that you have to offer, as you sit here today,
- 9 in support of your opinions?
- 10 A. Well, I guess we'll find out. I'll do my best
- 11 to provide analysis and we'll see whether it's exactly
- 12 as written. But it -- you're deposing me on the report.
- 13 I will -- I'll give you my analysis.
- Q. My question is does your report contain all of the analysis that you have done in support of your
- 16 opinions as you sit here today?
- MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- THE WITNESS: Again, I guess I'm just -- this question sounds sort of formalistic. I wrote the
- 20 report. I printed my analysis. It's there. It's
- 21 complete as a report.
- You're now asking me questions about it. I
- will answer your questions. Are all the answers to the questions in the report? If so, I don't know why -- why
- you're here asking me questions. So that's what's

- 1 O. Okay. What are the AR exhibits?
  - 2 A. Well, those are prior art. Those are the --
  - 3 those are patents and articles.
  - 4 Q. Okay. What caused you to attach these 24 out
  - 5 of the list of references that you considered in Exhibit
  - 6 B?

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- A. Well, at the time I wrote the report, it seemed
- 8 to me that those were, taken together, sufficient, along
- 9 with the analysis, to justify the opinions that I
- 10 offered in the ...
- Q. Is it fair to say that the 24 references that
- 12 you attached as exhibits to your report as the AR
- exhibits are the references that you intend to rely on
- 14 in support of your opinions?
  - MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- THE WITNESS: Well, they're certainly the ones
- that I did rely on in the written report, yes.
- MR. FENSTER: Q. So to the extent that there
- 19 were prior art references listed in Exhibit B to your
- 20 report that are not included in the AR exhibits, is it
- 21 fair to say that you did not intend to rely on them or
- that you did not rely on them to support your opinionsin your report?
- A. In the written report, I did not find those
- other references were required as a part of the

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38 40 1 1 analysis. in the right-hand column. 2 Q. Dr. Peters, the ACC exhibits that you attached 2 MR. FENSTER: Okay. 3 3 to your report, can you give me an overview of what the THE WITNESS: And you'll notice that many of 13 exhibits are. the citations that occur in the right-hand column also 5 5 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. occur as members of other combinations; that is, 6 THE WITNESS: Well, each of those charts is there'll be another chart that uses those things in 7 7 directed to one of the claims, claim 1 or claim 45, combination with some other element as the two principal 8 showing on a limitation-by-limitation basis prior art 8 items anticipating. 9 9 that is relevant to the -- that particular limitation. MR. FENSTER: Q. Right. So are you intending 10 10 So the different charts are different that the prior art references in the right-hand column, 11 combinations -- you know, call out there as -- as two 11 the additional prior art references that you include --12 12 principal sources, different combinations of prior art. are those part of the combinations or not? 13 And then in the right-hand column, they contain 13 A. If you like, they're two combinations signaled 14 14 by every chart. There's the combination of simply the additional citations from other prior art. 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. So I'm trying to understand 15 two principal ones and then there's a combination of 16 the combinations that are being asserted. So, for 16 those plus the right-hand column. 17 17 example, chart 1, ACC1, is entitled "Invalidity Chart, Q. So is it your intention [sic] that ACC1 sets 18 18 Salton '89 In View Of Culliss And Additional Prior Art forth a combination -- sets forth two combinations to 19 References." You're familiar with that chart? 19 invalidate claim 1? The first combination is Salton '89 20 20 plus Culliss -- in view of Culliss by themselves; is that correct? 21 Q. Okay. And you have what you've described as 21 22 22 two primary references, Salton '89 and Culliss, A. Yes. 23 23 described in the charts, correct? Q. Okay. And it's your further opinion that claim 24 24 1 is invalid in light of the combination of Salton in A. Yes. 25 Q. Okay. And in the right-hand column, you have view of Culliss and all of the additional prior art 41 additional prior art references, correct? 1 1 references? 2 A. That's correct. 2 A. Listed for that, yes, that's correct. 3 Q. Okay. So -- and those include a relatively O. Okay. Is it your opinion that the combination 4 long list of references, Salton '68, Braden, Herz, Ahn, of Salton plus Culliss plus each individual reference by A-H-N, Brookes, Dasan, Dedrick, Krishnan, Kupiec? itself invalidates claim 1? 6 A. Yes. Other patents that are in that other 6 A. I suppose it would be. I mean, I don't think 7 volume that you were just showing me. the references in the right-hand column take away 8 Q. Okay. So what is the significance of the prior anything from Salton plus Culliss. So if -- so each of art references in the right-hand column? Are those part 9 them individually adds, and all of them taken together 10 10 add still more. That's -- that's my view. of the combinations or not? 11 A. They supplement. They would strengthen the 11 Q. So should I understand from your report that 12 12 combination in the first two columns. So -you're intending to assert that claim 1 is invalid under Q. So, for example, with the Braden reference, is 13 13 the combination of Salton '89 plus Culliss plus Salton '68 -it -- are you meaning to assert that claim 1 is invalid 14 14 15 in light of the combination of Salton '89 in view of 15 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 16 16 Culliss and Braden? MR. FENSTER: Q. -- as one combination? 17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 17 A. Well, yes, I -- I think that those -- that 18 combination makes claim 1 -- claim 1 obvious. 18 Do you have a copy of the charts for the 19 witness? 19 Q. Okay. And it's further -- and you further 20 20 MR. FENSTER: Go ahead. intend to -- strike that. 21 THE WITNESS: Well, it would help to see a copy 21 And it's also your opinion that the combination 22 of the charts. But what I mean to assert is that the 22 of Salton '89 plus Culliss plus Braden renders claim 1 23 23 invalid, correct? first two columns following the limitation that's quoted 24 themselves prefigure that limitation. And then they are 24 A. Yes. buttressed or even further reinforced by the citations Q. And does your -- so am I to understand that

42 44 each possible combination of the prior art references in 1 1 of prior art. each chart render that claim invalid? 2 It was my intention in the report to point out 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. how that is the case. The report includes both the THE WITNESS: Well, as I say, there are two 4 discursive prose section and those charts that identify 5 prior art by claim limitation for those two claims. 5 principal ones. So those -- those are meant, as far as 6 these charts go, always to be included in the 6 So as I say, I think there are many 7 7 combination. And then the addition of zero or one or combinations of prior art that are sufficient. And what 8 more of the additional references listed in the 8 I intended to do in the report is to give you a number 9 9 right-hand column is also sufficient. of such examples -- not necessarily an exhaustive list 10 MR. FENSTER: Q. Does your report say anywhere 10 of the examples, but a number of such examples -- of 11 that claim 1 is invalid in view of Salton '89 in view of 11 combinations of prior art that suffice. Culliss by themselves and without any additional prior 12 12 MR. FENSTER: Q. And what are the examples of 13 art references? 13 the combinations that you intended to disclose in your A. Well, I think that's -- that's the meaning of 14 14 report? 15 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. my report. 16 Q. Can you point to anywhere in your report where 16 THE WITNESS: Well, again, I didn't have an you say that claim 1 is invalid in light of the 17 17 intention to make an exhaustive list, but among them are combination of Salton '89 in view of Culliss by 18 18 Salton and Culliss, the one you -- the one that you were 19 themselves? 19 just talking about. 20 20 A. Well, let's take a look at the report. MR. FENSTER: Q. I'm handing you, Dr. Peters, my copy of ACC1, which is the first chart, okay. 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I think when you provided 21 22 him with Peters Exhibit 1, you noted that it was a 22 A. Yes. portion of the report. Do you have the rest of the 23 Q. Can you tell me all the combinations that you 23 24 report for him? intended to disclose as invalidating claim 1 by that 25 25 You're not going to answer? chart. 45 43 1 1 A. All right. So Salton '89 and Culliss is one MR. FENSTER: Well, I didn't bring extra copies. So I can give the witness this copy of the 2 such combination. As you say, Salton '89 and Culliss and Salton '68 would be another. Salton '89, Culliss 3 report if he needs to look at it. 4 THE WITNESS: So in -- so let me just describe, 4 and Braden. Salton '89, Culliss and Herz, and so forth. 5 5 in answer to your question, how the report is organized, What I'm doing, as you did, is simply going 6 if that -- if I may do that. 6 down the --7 7 O. I'd like you to go through and list all the MR. FENSTER: O. Can you answer my question 8 8 first? combinations that are disclosed there. I don't want 9 9 A. Is there -- can I point you to a sentence that "and so on." Please go ahead and list them. 10 says that combination of two patents renders claim 1 10 A. All right. Well, so also Salton '89, Culliss, 11 invalid for obviousness? 11 Salton '68 and Braden. Salton '89, Culliss, Braden and 12 Herz. Salton '89, Culliss, Salton and Herz. Q. Yes. 12 13 A. Probably not. I certainly don't remember well 13 And now we need to move on. Salton '89. 14 14 Culliss, and Ahn. Salton '89, Culliss, Salton '68 and enough to find that sentence right now. But I can tell you how I think it says that, how the report says that. 15 Ahn. Salton '89, Culliss, Braden and Ahn. Salton '89, 16 Q. So it's your opinion -- it was your intention 16 Culliss, Salton -- sorry -- Herz and Ahn. Salton '89, 17 to disclose all of the possible combinations of Salton 17 Culliss and Brookes. Salton '89, Culliss, Salton '68 18 plus Culliss in combination with zero, one or more of 18 and Brookes. Salton '89, Culliss, Braden and Brookes. 19 all of the prior art references listed in the right-hand 19 Salton '89, Culliss, Herz and Brookes, Salton '89, 20 20 Culliss, Ahn and Brookes. Salton '89, Culliss and column for each chart; is that correct? 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 21 Dasan. Salton '89, Culliss, Salton '68 and Dasan. 22 THE WITNESS: I don't know. What my intention 22 Salton '89, Culliss, Braden and Dasan. Salton '89, 23 was, let me tell you and we'll see whether it's what you 23 Culliss, Herz and Dasan. Salton '89, Ahn and Dasan. 24 24 just said, was -- I believe that claim 1 and claim 45 Did I omit Culliss there inadvertently? I are both rendered obvious in virtue of many combinations meant to say Salton '89, Culliss, Ahn and Dasan. Salto

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1	'89, Culliss, Brookes and Dasan. Salton '89, Culliss	1	itself, any single reference by itself?
3	and Dedrick. Salton '89, Culliss, Salton '68 and Dedrick. Salton '89, Culliss, Braden and Dedrick.	3	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
4	Salton '89, Culliss, Herz and Dedrick. Salton '89,	4	THE WITNESS: Well, in my report I assert that it's invalid for obviousness on the basis of
5			
	Culliss, Ahn and Dedrick. Salton '89, Brookes and	5	combinations of references, not on the basis of a single
6	Dedrick. Salton '89, Dasan and Dedrick. Salton '89,	6	reference.
7	Culliss and Krishnan. Salton '89, Culliss, Salton '68	7	MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. So it's fair to say
8	and Krishnan. Salton '89, Culliss, Braden and Krishnan.	8	that in your report, you didn't state any conclusion
9	Salton '89, Culliss, Herz and Krishnan.	9	that claim 1 was invalid based on any single reference
10 11	I mean, we	10	either for anticipation or obviousness, correct?
12	Q. Keep going.	11	A. That's true.
	A. We could spend most of the day doing this	12	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
13	because this is an exponential number of combinations.	13	MR. FENSTER: Q. And the same is true with
14	I'm happy to keep going as long as you like, but	14	respect to every other claim, correct?
15	Q. Okay. Let me	15	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
16	A. Is Herz involved in that one?	16	THE WITNESS: The ones at issue, yes.
17	Q. Let me would you mind handing that back.	17	MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. The only way you we
18	A. Here you are.	18	able to find obviousness was by combining by
19	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Counsel, we've been goin	I .	combining references?
20	for a little over an hour. Can we take a break?	20	A. That's correct.
21	MR. FENSTER: We can, but we're going to	21	Q. So is it let me let me hand you back
22	keep request that we keep breaks short since we	22	ACC1.
23	started late at your request.	23	A. All right.
24	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now off the record a		Q. So is it fair to say that Salton '89 by itself
25	11:14.	25	fails to disclose one or more elements of claim 1?
	47		49
1	(Recess taken.)	1	A. My feeling was that and my my analysis, I
2	(Mr. Cannon left the deposition.)	2	wanted I believe that the combination of elements in
3	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record	at 3	claim 1 is obvious, but I did not feel I could get a
4	11:27.	4	clear enough statement for every single one of those
5	MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, during the break	5	limitations from Salton '89 alone to make me comfortable
6	did you talk with anybody about your testimony?	6	asserting that.
7	A. Yes, I talked with the attorneys. I was in the	7	Q. So is it fair to say that Salton '89 by itself
8	room here, just said "How am I doing?"	8	fails to disclose one or more elements of claim 1?
9	Q. What did they say?	9	A. Well, I guess no, it's not fair to say that.
10	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Protective	10	I mean, that's I'm not I'm not contending that it
11	order makes communications with counsel not	11	does disclose all of them. But I think that's an
12	discoverable.	12	arguable point, you know. Another person another
13	MR. FENSTER: I disagree.	13	expert in the field might wish to actually claim that it
14	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I'll instruct you not to	14	does.
15	answer.	15	Q. Okay. You didn't find
16	MR. FENSTER: You're going to instruct him not	16	A. I didn't. I'm not claiming that.
17	to answer about communications regarding his testimony	17	Q. So you felt you reached the opinion that
18	in the middle of a deposition?	18	Salton '89 by itself was insufficient in describing at
19	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I believe the protective	19	least one or more elements of claim 1 to render that
20	order says unless communications are used to form the	20	claim invalid by itself; is that fair?
21	basis of his opinions, they're not discoverable.	21	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
22	MR. FENSTER: Okay. We'll reserve the right to	22	THE WITNESS: Salton '89 by itself did not
23	go to court on that.	23	meet did not rise to my standards for clarity as
24	Q. Dr. Peters, did you find that claim 1 was	24	antecedent you know, as prefiguring all of the

on the basis of Salton '89 alone that the claim was
 obvious.

MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And that's true of all of the prior art references cited in your report, correct?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: That is true for each -- yes, each single one of the references.

MR. FENSTER: Q. Now, in ACC1, you assert various combinations that we started to go through, one of which is the combination of Salton '89 with Culliss, correct?

A. Yes. In fact, that's the principal one.

Q. Okay. And do you anywhere in your report
 disclose any particular motivation to combine Salton '89
 with Culliss?

17 A. Yes.

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18 Q. Okay. Where is that?

19 A. Well, there's a discussion in the --

Q. I'm sorry. I'll let you get there. Pardon -- 21 pardon me.

Is there any disclosure in the chart ACC1 of the motivation to combine Salton '89 with Culliss?

A. ACC1, the chart itself, does not contain the analysis that would motivate someone to do that.

1 backed up by these detailed charts that cite prior art

2 by limitation in the independent claims. And it's the

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3 combination of these things that actually explains the

motivation. So as --

Q. I'm sorry, when you say "the combination" -"it is the combination of these things that explains the
motivation," to combine Salton '89 with Culliss?

8 A. Yes.

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Q. And what --

A. The background -- these things are the background -- the analysis of the principal ideas in the patent, and the detailed references cited in the claim chart.

Q. Okay. And that is as specific as you can be regarding pointing -- in terms of pointing me to disclosure of particular motivation to combine Salton '89 with Culliss; is that right?

A. No. No, I think that the report, for example, in the background section talks quite clearly about how the rise of the World Wide Web led to a completely different kind of information search than had earlier been the case in information retrieval and produced the need for personalized information search.

And the report also talks about the activity in the field that was bringing in techniques such as

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Q. Okay. And is that true of all the charts, that none of the charts contain any analysis or disclosure

regarding the motivation to combine the various

4 references disclosed in those charts?

A. The charts do not contain that. They were not intended to. They are -- they present information that is both so detailed and so voluminous that it would have interfered with intelligibility of the report if they'd been contained in the prose section, and that's why they were attached as separate charts.

Q. Okay. So I'm sorry I interrupted you before, but I would like you to point out where in your report you believe you disclosed the motivation to combine Salton '89 with Culliss.

15 A. All right. Yeah. So -- and it's not

particular to Salton '89 and Culliss. It applies to
numerous of these combinations.

So the report itself includes background on the state of the field -- yes, by all means, take that back -- on the state of the field at the time when this patent was filed. And then it includes a discussion of the elements that are found in the claims that are at issue in the patent. And then it points to prior art

And it's the combination -- and then it's

for those patents -- for those claims.

natural language processing for information retrieval and indeed for personalization.

And so the motivation comes from a combination of the need and the strands of research that were going on in a very lively way at that time.

Q. Okay. Is there -- does your report contain any
 specific motivation to combine Salton '89 specifically
 with Culliss --

A. Well, in the --

Q. -- to achieve the claimed invention?

A. So in the section where -- the section starting on page 24 with paragraph 91, the claims of the '067 patent existed in the prior art. My report calls out how -- what the precursors are in prior art for each of the motivating strands, each of the things that was trying to be achieved by this new patent, brought together to achieve the goal of this new patent.

And it does then cite specific examples. It cites examples from Salton '89, from Culliss, from Kurtzman, from numerous other precursors, any -- any subset of which provides sufficient prior art for combining. The motivation was that the ideas were there.

Q. Okay. Is it fair to say that your report
 discusses motivation to combine in general but doesn't

54 56 do a separate analysis of the motivation to combine any 1 1 anywhere in your report? particular combination of references? 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 3 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: I believe I do, as I've 4 THE WITNESS: Well, for -- for -- take, for 4 explained. example, the particular combination Salton '89 and 5 5 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you point me to where 6 Culliss. The report shows that there was this general 6 that is. 7 7 motivation to combine and shows that that particular MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 8 combination was sufficient. 8 THE WITNESS: I've pointed you to the 9 9 So I believe it does actually provide combination of elements that do that. motivation for that specific combination. 10 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Is it your -- strike 10 11 MR. FENSTER: O. Where in your report does it 11 that. 12 disclose -- and so -- my question is the same for each Does your report disclose any particular 12 13 of these combinations, okay. So, for example, in ACC2 13 motivation to combine Braden in view of Culliss? 14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 14 the principal references are Braden in view of Herz. 15 15 THE WITNESS: Well -- so I understand you to be A. Mm-hm. 16 Q. Do you have -- does your report disclose a 16 asking me the same question about a different 17 particular motivation to combine Braden and Herz 17 combination. 18 specifically? 18 MR. FENSTER: That's correct. 19 A. So as I say, the report starts off by saying in 19 THE WITNESS: The answer is the same. I 20 20 each section what the problem was. So then -- it believe -- so I don't -- I don't recall there being a 21 discusses several different sources of art for solving 21 specific sentence for each of these combinations, no. 22 22 that problem and then it says, as explained in detail in What there is in here is a discussion of the 23 23 the attached charts, these claims are not novel by fact that there were numerous combinations that would virtue of whatever specific feature they're talking 24 suffice, and that if anything, this simply adds to the 25 about because the prior art, as called out in these 25 obviousness. 55 57 1 1 attached claim charts, suffices to -- as -- to make that MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Is it fair to say that 2 you don't disclose anywhere in your report any express Q. Where does your report say -- disclose the 3 teaching from Salton '89 that would -- that would 4 motivation to combine Braden with Herz? 4 suggest a combination with Culliss or the other 5 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 5 references that you disclose? 6 MR. FENSTER: Q. Or does it? 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 7 7 A. Well, it does. And as I say, the motivation is THE WITNESS: No, I didn't say -- well, Salton 8 8 that --'89 was -- preceded Culliss, so -- but I didn't say 9 Q. No, I'm not asking for what the motivation is; 9 that, no, Salton '89 teaches that you should combine 10 10 some part of that with Culliss. I'm asking for what your report discloses, okay. 11 11 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And you didn't 12 12 Q. So show me page and line where in your report disclose in your report any express teaching in any of you say "The motivation to combine Braden and Herz is the references that would suggest combination with any 13 X." of the others, correct? 14 14 15 MR. WHITE: Marc, I'd appreciate it if you'd 15 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 16 let him finish his answers and not interrupt, please. 16 THE WITNESS: No, I didn't. 17 THE WITNESS: Okay, so you're asking me to 17 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you turn to paragraph 85 point you to a sentence that says "Here is the 18 18 of your report. 19 motivation for combining Braden and Herz"? A. Okay. Yes. 20 20 Q. You state at paragraph 85 that in determining MR. FENSTER: Yes. 21 THE WITNESS: Okay. To the best of my 21 whether a claimed invention is obvious, you have been recollection, there isn't a sentence in the report that 22 informed that one should consider the scope and conter 23 says that. 23 of the prior art, the level of ordinary skill in the 24 MR. FENSTER: O. Okay. Do you disclose the 24 relevant art, the differences between the claimed particular motivation to combine Salton '89 and Culliss invention and the prior art, and whether the claimed

58 60 invention would have been obvious to one skilled in the 1 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. art in light of those differences, correct? 2 THE WITNESS: I did compare them. I did not 3 3 write in the report exactly what the differences were A. That's correct. 4 Q. Okay. So one of the things that you needed to for every -- every piece of prior art. 5 evaluate was the differences between the claimed MR. FENSTER: I see. 6 invention and the prior art; is that fair? 6 Q. Now, at paragraph 86, you state -- you 7 7 A. That is correct. reference a statement from the Supreme Court that, 8 Q. Okay. Does your report set forth the 8 quote, 9 9 differences between any of the asserted claims and the "When there is a design need or market 10 10 prior art? pressure to solve a problem and there are a 11 A. Well, there are very few differences, to be 11 finite number of identified predictable 12 honest. The only one that I found that -- was the use solutions," comma, "a person of ordinary 12 of part-of-speech tagging in linguistically profiling 13 skill has good reason to pursue the known 14 14 users and stored data files and queries for these options within his or her technical grasp," 15 15 purposes, for the purposes of personalized information and the quote goes on. 16 retrieval. And the report does actually specifically 16 Do you see that? 17 17 address that difference. A. Yes, I do. 18 Q. Where do you identify the differences between 18 Q. Okay. And you considered -- you relied on this 19 the claimed inventions and the prior art? 19 statement from the Supreme Court to -- in reaching your 20 20 A. Oh, you mean is -- again, you're asking me is conclusion that the claims were obvious? 21 there a sentence that says "For each of these claims, 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 22 22 these are the differences"? THE WITNESS: Well, so I -- I was guided by 23 23 Q. Yes. this, yes. I mean, I do believe this is a case in 24 A. I don't -- I don't call out the differences 24 point, that they -- that the patent at issue is a case explicitly except in the case of this one affirmative in point of what's described in that sentence. 59 61 difference that -- where I do talk about it being 1 MR. FENSTER: O. Okay. In other words, you obvious to use that particular form of natural language found that this -- the patent was addressing a problem 3 processing and personalization. for which there were a finite number of identified Q. So you didn't endeavor to explicitly list the predictable solutions; is that correct? 5 differences between the prior art in each of these MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. asserted claims in your report; is that correct? 6 THE WITNESS: Yes. 7 7 A. In the report --MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Do you anywhere in 8 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. your report identify what those -- what that finite 9 THE WITNESS: So I -- I examined them all 9 number of identified predictable solutions are? 10 carefully. I was looking to see what they were. 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Do I list them all out? No. 11 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you answer my question? 11 12 A. But did I list them in the report? I did not. 12 MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you ever state -- do you 13 13 O. Okav. ever state that -- how many there are? 14 A. Not all of them exhaustively. 14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 15 Q. Did you anywhere explicitly list any of the 15 THE WITNESS: No, I don't think I stated how 16 differences between the asserted claims and the prior 16 many there are. I mean, the one particular one that 17 17 Geller adopted is the one that I spend the most time 18 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 18 discussing. 19 19 THE WITNESS: You mean did I say "This piece of MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Did you mention and 20 20 prior art doesn't use part-of-speech tagging, but the other identified predictable solutions to the same 21 patent does," that sort of thing? 21 problem in your report? 22 22 MR. FENSTER: Q. I'm asking, yes, did you MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 compare the individual reference -- did you compare the 23 THE WITNESS: I didn't mention them as that. prior art references to the asserted claims and say 24 So some of the prior art presents other approaches. For "These are the differences"? example, having users construct their own profile is

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something -- is another -- one of the finite possible --1 set of possible solutions. And some of the prior art 3 actually uses that. 4

MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Can --

5 A. But I didn't enumerate that as another --6 explicitly as another possible solution.

Q. Okay. So in your report, you didn't try to list or identify the finite number of predictable solutions that you think exists; is that right?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Well, I -- insofar as I think you're just repeating what I said, I agree.

13 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. As you sit here today, 14 now, what is -- is it your opinion that there are a 15 finite number of identified predictable solutions to the 16 problems addressed by the Geller patent?

17 A. That there are, or there were in 1990?

18 O. Excellent clarification. That there were as of 19 the date of the invention.

2.0 A. As of the date of the invention, I believe 21 that's the case, yes.

22 O. Okay. And what were the finite number of 23 identified predictable solutions as of the date of the 24 invention?

A. Well, there were two basic approaches to user

statistical means, which you can think of as a form of natural language processing, but it's a bit different

3 from the kind that Geller employed. 4

So that basically is the space of possibilities. And what Geller did fell into one of

Q. Okay. So it's your testimony that there were only two possible identified solutions, one being natural language processing and the other being statistical for the automatic computation family; is that right?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

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THE WITNESS: Those were the two I just named right now. I think they principally cover the possibilities.

MR. FENSTER: Q. Is it your testimony that natural language processing -- that there's one way to do natural language processing, that it wouldn't have multiple variants?

20 A. No. No, that's not what I'm saying.

Q. How many variants are there if one of ordinary skill in the art sat down to do natural language

23 processing in 1999? 24

A. Well, natural language processing is the computational analysis of language to extract structure

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profiling. One had to -- one was to employ the user's 1

2 history and do some automatic computation on that to 3 calculate a profile which could then be used in

4 personalizing retrieval results. 5

And the other is -- approach is to have the user construct the profile himself, usually with the aid of some software that's provided. Some kind of a graphical user interface would often be provided, and the user would make selections under that.

So those are the two general approaches to solutions. And within each approach, there was just a finite number of different variants as to what things would go into the profile.

So some of the ones where the user constructed his own profile would simply ask the user to mark items that they had encountered as things they liked or things they weren't interested in. Others would ask them to explicitly list out their interest areas.

Within the approaches that -- the family of approaches that did automatic computation on some amount of -- you know, some collection of documents or some amount of user history, some of those approaches used natural language processing of documents that were obtained, for example, from the user himself or

documents that the user had visited; others used

and, through that, information from text usually; I mean as opposed to speech. And that structure exists at 3 numerous levels.

There's the morphological structure of words. This word is the plural of that, or this is -- this adjective is formed from that noun by adding a suffix,

8 One very low level of processing involves 9 finding these -- doing stemming, finding these -- these 10

Other levels of processing find structure at higher levels, finding, for example, the so-called part-of-speech, the grammatical category of -- that distinguishes noun from verbs and adjectives from prepositions that determine what combinations of these words can occur in well-formed sentences of the language.

Still higher levels of structural processing would include taking a string of text words and finding that syntactic structure, which implies finding the parts of speech, finding the basic categories, finding the -- not only that, but the phrases and combinations.

Still deeper levels of processing include finding aspects of the meaning of the sentence, because different words can mean the same thing; different

68 66 1 1 orders of the same words can mean the same thing; report? 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. different combinations of words can mean the same thing. 3 3 So getting at the meaning is also a part of natural THE WITNESS: Well, these four are not any 4 language processing. better than any of the other ones. The example -- or 5 5 And so some -- different ones of the prior art the sentence says, for example, 6 that are cited here actually go to different levels of 6 "Claim 1 is obvious in light of Salton 7 7 '89 in combination with Culliss." depth, as it were, in the kind of processing -- natural 8 language processing. And they do employ different 8 So the purpose was simply to bolster the 9 9 methods for discovering, for example, syntactic general statement that numerous pieces of prior art can 10 structure as well. 10 be combined. The 13 charts actually give you specific 11 O. Isn't it true that there's lots of different 11 combinations. 12 12 methods and lots of different levels and ways to conduct MR. FENSTER: Q. If you can turn to page 17 o 13 computational analysis within the broad confines of 13 your report. 14 A. Mm-hm. 14 natural language processing? 15 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection --15 Q. So at 17 you have a series of paragraphs, 16 THE WITNESS: Well, there's --16 starting with 67, that describe the various prior art 17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: -- form. 17 references. 18 THE WITNESS: There are lots of them today, 18 A. Yes. 19 including numerous ones that were not widely available 19 Q. Okay. Do you anywhere in your report analyze 20 in the '90s. But even then, there were -- there were a 20 the differences between Braden-Harder and the asserted claims? 21 number of ways, that's true. 21 22 22 And there were many good textbooks on the MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 23 THE WITNESS: Does the report lay out subject. I mean, it was an area that someone with --24 explicitly in text those differences? Not that I -- I who wanted to make use of natural language processing 25 don't recall doing that, no. I certainly didn't do it had good resources for finding out about. 67 69 1 MR. FENSTER: Q. A lot of options? systematically. 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 2 MR. FENSTER: Q. Does your report disclose th 3 MR. FENSTER: Q. One of skill in the art would differences or analyze the differences between Brookes 4 have lots of options, lots of -- based on the resources prior art reference and the asserted claims? 5 5 available to him or her in 1999 about how to go about MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 6 doing natural language processing; is that true? 6 THE WITNESS: No, it does not. 7 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. MR. FENSTER: O. Does the report disclose 8 or -- any analysis regarding the differences between THE WITNESS: Yeah. So, for example, if they 9 were -- if the person wanted to do part-of-speech 9 Chislenko and any of the asserted claims? 10 tagging, there were several different part-of-speech 10 A. No. 11 tagging algorithms available which the person could 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 12 12 MR. FENSTER: Q. Does your report disclose any choose among. 13 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you turn to paragraph 160 analysis regarding the differences between Culliss and 14 of your report. 14 any of the asserted claims? 15 A. Yes. 15 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 16 Q. So in the middle of paragraph 160, you state, 16 THE WITNESS: Not -- no, not systematically. 17 "Numerous pieces of prior art can be 17 MR. FENSTER: Q. And does it disclose any 18 combined in order to demonstrate the 18 analysis regarding the differences between any of the 19 obviousness of the invention. For example," 19 prior art references and any of the asserted claims? 20 20 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. and then you call out four of the charts. 21 A. Oh, yes, so I did. 21 THE WITNESS: Again, not systematically. 22 22 Q. Do you see that? MR. FENSTER: Q. If you can turn to paragraph 23 A. Yes. 23 91 on page 24. 24 24 Q. Okay. My question is why these four and why A. Yes. 25 didn't you reference any of the other charts in your 25 Q. So you state at paragraph 91, "I

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charts -- I want to distinguish between what's in the

ACC charts and what's in the body of the report. I

report separate from the charts.

understand that they're incorporated by reference, but just need a way to talk about the body of the -- of your

70 72 1 1 Okay. So if I talk about the body of the believe that claim 1 of the '067 patent 2 consists of six different general concepts, 2 report, excluding the charts, will you understand that 3 3 I'm talking about the 57 pages that constitute the body while claim 45 consists of three additional 4 general concepts," each of which you discuss of your report? 5 5 A. Well, I don't -- I don't think of that as the in that section; is that right? 6 6 body of my report. I think of the claim charts as an A. Yes. 7 Q. And your analysis of obviousness was based on inherent part of it. But I do understand what you mean 8 finding disclosures of those general concepts in the 8 by 57 pages. So let's talk about pages 1 through 57. 9 9 prior art; is that how you went about it? That's just as good. 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 10 Q. All right. Is it fair to say that in the prose 11 THE WITNESS: No. The analysis was based or 11 section of your report on pages 1 through 57, you don't 12 12 analyze the prior art with reference to individual finding prior art for the elements in each of the 13 elements, but instead you analyze it with respect to the limitations. The concepts are here for purposes of 14 general concepts that you describe in paragraphs 91, et explanation and analysis. 14 15 15 For example, there are certain elements -- if cetera? 16 you will, concepts -- that cut across multiple 16 A. I think it would be --17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 17 limitations in a single patent -- claim. And it seemed 18 informative and useful to discuss them together in one 18 THE WITNESS: I think it would be more -- more 19 place -- discuss that element in one place, even though 19 accurate to say I analyze it -- I don't analyze it in 20 20 it appears in multiple claims, rather than just to each case with respect to individual claim limitations, that I do analyze it with respect to elements of those 21 repeat the discussion many times. 21 22 22 MR. FENSTER: Q. In the body of the report, claim limitations. That's what the concepts are; 23 23 they're elements that cut, in some cases, across isn't it true that you compared the general concepts or you showed disclosure of the general concepts in the 24 multiple limitations. 25 25 So the analysis is -- and the discussion is prior art references as opposed to going through, 71 73 there. And when you read it in light of the claim element by element, using the actual claim language? 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. charts, it's also very clear on a 3 limitation-by-limitation basis what the prior art is. THE WITNESS: No, not -- not in general. 4 4 MR. FENSTER: Q. Did anyone tell you that That's not true. So for -- for claim 1 and claim 45, 5 which have many, many elements, many limitations, I analyzing claims in terms of breaking them down into 6 appended the claim charts which did show element by 6 general concepts as a means of analyzing the validity of 7 7 element in the claims what their antecedents were, as I the claims was a valid approach to validity analysis? 8 8 said earlier, to avoid putting that huge volume of MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I'm going to object, to 9 9 material in the report and making it completely the extent this calls for communications with counsel, 10 10 unintelligible. and instruct you not to answer on --11 So it's incorporated by reference as part of 11 THE WITNESS: Okay. 12 12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: -- that basis. the report, but it doesn't consist of the flow -- part 13 MR. FENSTER: Q. How did you conclude that 13 of the flow of prose here. breaking claims down into general concepts was the 14 MR. FENSTER: Okay. 14 15 THE WITNESS: On the other hand, for the 15 proper test for validity? 16 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 16 dependent claims, which are -- each add one single 17 discrete bit to the independent claims on which they 17 THE WITNESS: I -- I didn't think it was the 18 depend, you do find analysis right here in this section 18 proper test for validity. I thought it was a way of 19 19 of the prior art. explaining the analysis about -- of clearly explaining 20 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Excluding the ACC the analysis of what made each of the claims obvious. 20

You could either go through a long and

unilluminating recitation for each limitation of the

combining those and so forth, or you could give a

general overarching discussion that drew out

prior art and then the discussion of the obviousness of

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9 use of natural language processing to rank for 10 personalized interest. And you identify that as 11 corresponding to elements 1(a), 1(b), 1(d) and 1(i); is 12 that correct? 13 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 14 THE WITNESS: I do identify natural language 15 processing for ranking documents. And it is used for 16 that and those elements that you named. 17 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And what do you mean by 18 by "natural language processing"? What do you mean by 19 the con what are you using as the general concept of 20 the use of natural language processing to rank for 21 personalized interest here? 22 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 THE WITNESS: Well, there there are two 24 concepts: natural language processing, which is using  9 remove suffixes to try to find the root of a word, without necessarily identifying the part of speech. In 16 without necessarily identifying the part of speech. In 17 fact, they may reduce different words of different parts of speech to the same stems.  18 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. So would you agree 19 that the specific steps set forth in claim 1 in the 15 elements 1(a), 1(b), 1(d) and 1(i) reflect a particular 16 method or a particular aspect of natural language 17 processing?  18 MR. FENSTER: Q. Natural language processing.  19 MR. FENSTER: Q. Natural language processing.  20 A. So employing a part-of-speech tagger and a dictionary, as this patent does, to identify linguistic 21 patterns is a is a particular form of natural 22 language processing. Is that did that answer your 23 question?		74		76
And it was my feeling that the latter was more illuminating.  MR. FENSTER: All right. I think we're going to have to go off the record to change the tape. THE WITNESS: Oh, okay.  MR. FENSTER: Q. Earlier you described several different methodologies or hierarchies of analysis that all fell within the broad category of natural language processing can produce, yes. I did. That's correct.  MR. FENSTER: Q. And you agree that there are different that all language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing so and for the personalized interests. And you identify that as corresponding to elements I(a), I(b), I(d) and I(a); is that correct?  A. 24, 92. Yes.  A. 24, 92. Yes.  A. 24, 92. Yes.  A. 25 Condition of the seed of yields and you agree was a possible and you agree that there were different ways to conduct natural language processing for ank for the variety of the con-what are you using the product of natural language processing of your property program you agree that there were different ways to conduct natural language processing of your property property program you agree that there	1	similarities across cases and give the explanation that	1	talked about earlier; and the other one is ranking
And it was my feeling that the latter was more dilluminating.  MR. FENSTER: All right. I think we're going to have to go off the record to change the tape. THE WITNESS: Oh, okay. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of video number 1. We are now off the record at 12:14. Discussion off the record. Clunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  MR. FENSTER: Q. Earlier you described several different methodologies or hierarchies of analysis the product of natural language processing. Do you recall that?  MR. FENSTER: Q. And you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural - strike that.  MR. FENSTER: Q. And you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural - strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and strike that.  You agree that there were different ways to conduct natural and the properties o				-
Illuminating.				-
5 to MR. FENSTER: All right. I think we're going 6 to have to go off the record to change the tape.  7 THE WITNESS: On, okay.  8 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of video 9 number 1. We are now off the record at 12:14.  10 (Discussion off the record.) (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  11 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  12 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  13 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  14 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  15 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  16 (Discussion off the record.)  17 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  18 (And documents can be ranked for personalized interest in a variety of ways. But one of those ways is 7 by unible the product of antural language processing. So you recall that?  19 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  11 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  12 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  13 (Bartis of the record.)  14 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  15 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  16 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  17 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  18 (Pister of the record.)  19 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  10 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  11 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  12 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  13 (Bartis of the record.)  14 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  15 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  16 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  17 (Ms. FENSTER: Q. And you agree that there are different than antural language processing that were available in 1999 extract linguistic patterns, as that term has been defined by the court in this case?  17 (Ms. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: 1 do identify that as corresponding to elements (la, 1(b), 1(d) and 1(b): is a processing do extract parts of speech. Some, as I ment of speech. In the ment of the seed from the variety of without necessarily identifying the part of speech. In the specific steps set forth in claim 1 in the elements 1(a), 1(b), 1(d) and 1(b): in the ment of speech to the same stems.  18 (A. 24, 92, Yes. observed in defined linguis				
6 to have to go off the record to change the tape. 7 THE WITNESS: Oh, okay. 8 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of video number 1. We are now off the record at 12:14. 10 (Discussion off the record). 11 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 12 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 13 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 14 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 15 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 16 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 17 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 18 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 19 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 19 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 11 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 11 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 12 (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.) 13 (MR. FENSTER: Q. Earlier you described several different methodologies or hierarchies of analysis that a fell within the broad category of natural language processing can produce, yes. I did. That's correct. 14 (Elw WITNESS: Gid describe several different and the levels of structure that natural language processing can produce, yes. I did. That's correct. 15 (MR. FENSTER: Q. Lardier you described several different methodologies or hierarchies of analysis that a fell within the broad category of natural language processing can produce, yes. I did. That's correct. 16 (MR. FENSTER: Q. Lardier you described several different methodologies or hierarchies of analysis that a fell within the broad category of natural language processing can produce, yes. I did. That's correct. 16 (MR. FENSTER: Q. Idd describe several different methodologies or hierarchies of analysis that a fell within the broad category of natural language processing can produce, yes. I did. That's correct. 17 (MR. FENSTER: Q. And you agree that there are different ways to conduct natural language processing as of 1999, correct MR. FENSTER: Q. Several different ways to conduct natural language processing as of 1999, correct MR. FENSTER: Q. Several different ways to conduct natural language processing as of 1999, correct MR. FENSTER: Q. Sev. There were different ways to		_		
THE WITNESS: Oh, okay.  THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of video of number 1. We are now off the record at 12:14.  (Discussion off the record)  (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  (Lunch recess from 12:19 to 1:05.)  THE WITNESS: Ided describe several different methodologies or hierarchies of analysis that all fell within the broad category of natural language processing. On the was of natural language processing. On the waste of natural language processing of natural language processing of natural language processing. On the waste of natural language processing of				-
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THE WITNESS: Idid describe several different produce, yes. Idid. That's content that and that there are different ways to conduct natural – strike that.  You agree that there were were.  AFTERNOON SESSION  1-02 P.M.  THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record to 1:02. This is the beginning of video number 2.  EXAMINATION RESUMED BY  MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, if you could turn to to page 24 of your report, paragraph 92.  A. 24, 92. Yes.  Q. So here you identify one general concept as the use of natural language processing to rank for personalized interest. And you identify that as correct?  THE WITNESS: So the court defined linguistic patterns, as that term has been defined by the court in this case?  MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.  THE WITNESS: Objection. Form.  And not all types of natural language processing to rank for that and those elements that you named.  MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, if you could turn to to page 24 of your report, paragraph 92.  A. 24, 92. Yes.  Q. So here you identify one general concept as the use of natural language processing to rank for that and those elements that you named.  MR. FENSTER: Q. Did all forms of natural language processing to rank for the court in this case?  THE WITNESS: So the court defined linguistic patterns as - well, I don't have the recall it.  And not all types of natural language processing to rank for that and those elements that you named		(Edited recess from 12.19 to 1.03.)		* *
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20 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 21 THE WITNESS: Yes. There were. 22 MR. FENSTER: Q. Did all forms of natural 23 language processing that were available in 1999 extract 24 linguistic patterns, as that term has been defined by 25 the court in this case?  75  1 AFTERNOON SESSION 1:02 P.M. 2 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record at 1:02. This is the beginning of video number 2. 4 EXAMINATION RESUMED BY 5 MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, if you could turn to page 24 of your report, paragraph 92. 6 Q. So here you identify one general concept as the use of natural language processing to rank for use of natural language processing to elements 1(a), 1(b), 1(d) and 1(i); is that correct? 13 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 14 THE WITNESS: I do identify natural language processing for ranking documents. And it is used for that and those elements that you named. 16 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And what do you mean by "natural language processing for ranking documents. And it is used for the use of natural language processing to rank for personalized interest here? 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 2 THE WITNESS: Yeb. There were. 2 MR. FENSTER: Q. Did all forms of natural language processing do extract linguistic patterns, as that term has been defined by the court in this case?  77  77  78  MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 19 THE WITNESS: Yeb. There were available in 1999 extract linguistic patterns, as that term has been defined by the court in this case?  77  THE WITNESS: Yeb. There were available in 1999 extract linguistic patterns as that term has been defined by the court in this case?  77  THE WITNESS: Yeb. There were available in 1999 extract linguistic patterns, as that term has been defined by the court in this case?  77  THE WITNESS: Veb. There were available in 1999 extract linguistic patterns, as that term has been defined by the court in this case?  77  THE WITNESS: Veb. There were available in 1999 extract linguistic patterns as the court diffied linguistic patterns as - well, 1 don't have t				•
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24   Inguistic patterns, as that term has been defined by the court in this case?  75   77   AFTERNOON SESSION   1:02 P.M.   THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record at 1:02. This is the beginning of video number 2.   EXAMINATION RESUMED BY   MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, if you could turn to page 24 of your report, paragraph 92.   A. 24, 92. Yes.   7   Agriculture of speech, is the operative part of it, as I recall it.   And not all types of natural language processing to rank for personalized interest. And you identify that as corresponding to elements 1(a), 1(b), 1(d) and 1(i); is that correct?   12   MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.   THE WITNESS: So the court defined linguistic patterns as well, I don't have the construction in front of me, but it's basically a combination of parts of speech, is the operative part of it, as I recall it.   And not all types of natural language processing do extract parts of speech. Some, as I mentioned earlier, for example, simply stem words. The remove suffixes to try to find the root of a word, without necessarily identifying the part of speech. In fact, they may reduce different words of different parts of speech to the same stems.   13   MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. So would you agree that the specific steps set forth in claim 1 in the elements 1(a), 1(b), 1(d) and 1(i) reflect a particular method or a particular aspect of natural language processing?   MR. FENSTER: Q. Natural language processing.   MR. FENSTER: Q. Natural language processing.   A. So employing a part-of-speech tagger and a dictionary, as this patent does, to identify linguistic patterns is a is a particular form of natural language processing. Is that did that answer your question?   14   15   16   16   16   16   16   16   16				*
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THE WITNESS: Well, there there are two concepts: natural language processing, which is using 24 question?	22	_	22	
24 concepts: natural language processing, which is using 24 question?				
	24			
	25	computers to process natural language in the ways we		Q. I believe so. It's correct that not all forms

78 80 of natural language processing involve the particular at several levels. And I do believe that claim 1 makes 1 steps outlined in claim 1, correct? reference to a particular subset of those methods. 3 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. Q. Okay. So what I'm a little bit -- what I'm 4 THE WITNESS: Well, could can we take a look at trying to get at, and I'm a little confused by, is the 5 claim 1? way I understand your report to be structured, you seen 6 MR. FENSTER: Certainly. It's set forth in to be using these general concepts, of which the first 7 your report, but -is the use of natural language processing to rank for 8 THE WITNESS: Yes. I don't have it in front of personalized interest -- you seem to be using those 9 me. That's why I was -concepts as a way to explain how the prior art teaches 10 MR. FENSTER: It is in -- it is in your report, 10 the claims -- or the elements of the claims, correct? 11 but I'll hand you the patent marked as Exhibit 3. 11 12 12 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 13 13 THE WITNESS: I did introduce it to try to marked for identification.) 14 14 THE WITNESS: Thank you. Right. I mean, as explain that, yes. 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. And instead of using the 15 you -- as you know, I have only a part of my report in front of me. 16 particular method of natural language processing that's 16 17 So let's see. Claim 1. 17 actually called out in the claims, you used the general 18 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Is there a question 18 concept that includes the whole class of natural 19 pending? 19 language processing, correct? 20 20 MR. FENSTER: Yes. Question is, is it correct MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 21 that not all forms of natural language processing 21 THE WITNESS: So I did -- I made reference to 22 22 involve the particular steps outlined in claim 1? the whole class and I did talk some about the more 23 23 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. specific species within it, yes. I mean, I did do that. 24 THE WITNESS: Well, that's very definitely 24 MR. FENSTER: Q. And so when you go through 25 25 and you did your analysis finding that this first correct because the steps outlined in claim 1, of which 79 81 1 there are nine, I guess, A through I, include many general concept that corresponds, according to you, to 2 things, of which a certain form of natural language elements 1(a), (b), (d) and (i), as described in the 3 processing is only one. prior art, you base that conclusion on disclosures 4 MR. FENSTER: Q. So you agree that natural relating to the general class of natural language 5 language processing is broader than -- it's more processing; is that correct? encompassing than the particular form of language 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 7 7 processing that's specified in the elements of claim 1, THE WITNESS: So there are -- in that section, 8 correct? 8 there are a number of different pieces of prior art 9 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 9 cited that made use of natural language processing. And 10 THE WITNESS: Well, I think -- I'm trying to 10 different ones made, in some cases, slightly different 11 think how to answer your question because as you've -11 use of natural language processing -- of -- inside the 12 as you've posed it, it doesn't make technical sense to 12 general class. That's -- that is true. Some of those prior art -- for example, in 13 13 me, but ... let me try --MR. FENSTER: Let me -- let me see if I can paragraph 91 it points out here -- sorry, I beg your 14 14 15 clarify the question. 15 pardon -- paragraph 95, it points out that 16 THE WITNESS: All right. 16 Braden-Harder, the Braden patent, uses natural language 17 MR. FENSTER: Q. Would you agree that natural 17 processing that involved a multiplicity of steps, one of language processing, as you've used the term in your 18 18 which was assigning parts of speech. 19 19 report, refers to a class of methodologies of which only MR. FENSTER: Okay. 20 20 THE WITNESS: And similarly in 96, paragraph one is used in the actual claim 1, that the particular 21 methodology of claim 1 is one methodology that belongs 21 96, it points out that Kupiec teaches the analysis --22 to the class of methodologies that you describe as 22 language -- natural language processing, including 23 23 natural language processing? assigning parts of speech. 24 24 A. So the class I included -- I -- so yes, I MR. FENSTER: O. So in paragraphs 92 through outlined the class of methods for extracting structure 97, do you describe how the prior art discloses

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extracting the user profile from the linguistic data previously provided by the user?

3 A. No. Paragraphs 92 to 97 are about the use of natural language processing for ranking according to a user profile. It's other paragraphs that describe what 6 you're asking about.

7 Q. Okay. In paragraphs 92 through 97, do you 8 describe how the prior art discloses constructing a 9 plurality of data item profiles, as required by claim 10 1(b)?

11 A. No, I don't.

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MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. MR. FENSTER: Q. In paragraphs 92 through 97 did you describe how the prior art discloses extracting a search request profile, as required by 1(d)? A. No, that's not the organization of my

16 17 explanation. 18

Q. And in paragraphs 92 through 97 do you explain how the prior art discloses retrieving data that has linguistic characteristics that substantially correspond to linguistic characteristics of the linguistic data generated by the user, as required by 1(i)?

A. Retrieving data that has -- well, the data that are ranked are being ranked according to the linguistic characteristics of the user profile.

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So the method described in paragraphs 92 through 97 are -- the approaches described there are talking about how those retrieved data are ranked, yes.

Q. Okay. So where do you disclose that the prior art discloses the elements specifically of claim 1(i)? MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

6 7 THE WITNESS: All right. So claim -- if you 8 look at -- so that's not in that section of the 9 paragraph -- of the report.

Claim 1(i) by itself is simply retrieving a data item that you've already selected by some other method and presenting it to the user.

And then there's just the bald assertion that the method described in the patent actually does make it correspond to the user's social, cultural and economic background and psychological profile.

17 MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you anywhere in paragraphs 92 through 134 explain how the prior art discloses the 18 19 particular elements of claim 1(i)?

20 A. Of claim 1(i).

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 21 22 THE WITNESS: Through paragraphs -- I'm sorry,

23 what was the final one again?

24 MR. FENSTER: 134.

25 THE WITNESS: 134. Well, so claim 1(i) is 1 simply the step of retrieving a document that was

selected by claim 1(h) and presenting it to the user.

3 And to the extent that the document presented --

4 retrieved and presented is the one that's selected by

5 claim 1(h), it is actually paragraphs 92 through 97 that

are relevant. That is, claim 1(h) is all about ranking 7 documents according to a personalized interest profile.

8 There's nothing novel about claim 1(h).

9 Retrieving the documents and presenting it is well-known 10 art. And the citations in the claim charts actually 11 demonstrate this.

MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, I really want to ask you to constrain your comments to response to my questions. My question is, where in your report do you disclose how the prior art discloses the particular elements of claim 1(i)?

17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

18 THE WITNESS: In the claim charts.

19 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And there's nothing in 20 the body of your report; is that right?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection --

22 MR. FENSTER: Q. Meaning pages 1 through 57. 23

24 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 25

THE WITNESS: Paragraph 97.

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MR. FENSTER: O. Okay. Anything else?

A. Which refers you to the claim --MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

4 THE WITNESS: -- charts.

5 Not as far as I can recall right now.

6 MR. FENSTER: Q. Now, in the claim charts, as 7 far as I could tell, on -- the structure of the charts 8 has the claim language on the left, and then you have 9 three columns from the prior art references, correct?

A. Yes.

11 Q. And as far as I could tell, the evidence in the 12 three columns relating to the prior art references were 13 either excerpts from the prior art references or 14 citations to the prior art references. Is that right?

A. For the most part, that is what's there.

16 Q. It doesn't include any analysis on your part in 17 terms of showing how, for example, the portions cited correspond to or relate to the language of the claim; is 18 19 that right?

20 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 21 THE WITNESS: That analysis is implied by the 22 discussion in the section that we've just been talking 23 about.

24 MR. FENSTER: O. Okay. But the chart itself does not contain any analysis by you showing how the

88 1 THE WITNESS: Yep, yep. They are voluminous 2 That's why I'm saying I don't remember them all. But 3 as -- you know, there -- there are -- there may be

specific bits of explanation, for example, where there are terminological difference between one of -- of the citations of prior art and the terminology that's used

7 in the claim elements.

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There are, as I recall, some explanations like that that are in the chart itself that show what the correspondence is.

But the principal work of explaining how the elements of the claims relate to what's called out in the -- what's cited in the claim charts is done in the explanatory sections, not in the charts.

MR. FENSTER: Q. And the charts themselves don't reflect any analysis by you -- don't -- strike that.

The charts themselves don't include any analysis by you showing how the prior art references disclose the claims as construed by the court, correct?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: Well, it's the claims as construed by the court that I was looking for prior art for. So that's -- the citations are there because they relate to the claim as construed by the court, the claim

1 language as construed by the court.

2 That language is not recited in the chart. If 3 you're asking me is it recited in the chart, it's not.

4 MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, for example, 5 with -- let's -- let's just look at 1(a) for example, 6 which is at page 5 of -- starts at page 5 of ACC1.

And on the left-hand column, you've got the claim language from claim 1(a), correct?

Q. And then in the next column you have some excerpts from Salton '89, correct?

13 Q. And you have Salton '89, and you cite a page, 14 and then you have quotes -- quoted language there, 15 correct?

16 A. That's correct. And there's several of those, 17 as you say.

Q. Right. And that's true for all of the prior art references; you just have quoted portions from the text and citations set forth in these columns, correct?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

22 THE WITNESS: That is what's there, yes. 23

MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And in the chart, do you provide any explanation as to how the quoted portion matches up with or discloses the claim language in the

86 1 cited portions of the prior art correspond or relate to the language of the claims, correct? 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 4 THE WITNESS: Not above and beyond what's in 5 the rest of the report. So, for example, it's pretty -well, yes. Let's leave it there. 6 7 MR. FENSTER: Q. The chart itself -- the 8 charts themselves do not contain any analysis by you 9 showing how any of the cited portions of the prior art 10 correspond to or disclose any of the claim elements, 11 correct? 12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 13 THE WITNESS: That's not where that analysis is. It's not in the claim charts. 14 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. And is that true for all 13 16 of the claim charts? MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 17 THE WITNESS: Probably. The claim charts don't 18 19 stand by themselves. The claim charts are a part of a 20 report. The report is a whole entity. 21 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. But the claim charts 22 themselves don't contain any analysis by you showing how the cited portions of the prior art references disclose 23 24 the particular elements of the claims, correct? 25 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 87

1 THE WITNESS: Well, these things disclose that -- that particular claim limitation. Do I say it's these specific words in this part that correspond to 4 those specific words? That's not in the claim chart. 5 MR. FENSTER: Q. Is there any analysis, any 6 original work product by you, other than the mere 7 citation of the portions of the prior art references 8 themselves, showing how those prior art references correspond to or disclose the particular claim elements 10 in the charts? 11 A. It's included --12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 13 THE WITNESS: -- in the discourse that we've

just been discussing. MR. FENSTER: Q. Is there any analysis by you in the charts, ACC1 through ACC13, showing how any portion of the prior art corresponds and discloses the actual claim elements?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Well, I don't have all the charts

21 in front of me. But to the best of my recollection, 22 that's not in the charts. I can look through all of them here if you like, but ... 23

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24 MR. FENSTER: If you need to to answer the question. You're the one who prepared the charts.

92 90 1 creation of a user profile from text items. Do you see 1 left column? 2 A. No. The chart does not say, you know, "These that? 3 3 words in column 2 map to those words in column 1." A. Yes. 4 4 Q. It's left as an exercise for the reader? Q. And in parentheses you have claims 45(a), (b), 5 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (k), along with two 6 THE WITNESS: It was explained earlier in dependent claims. Do you see that? 7 7 the -- the correspondence was explained in the section A. That's correct. 8 8 Q. Okay. And what did you mean by putting those we were discussing earlier. 9 9 MR. FENSTER: I see. claim elements in parentheses after reciting that major 10 10 THE WITNESS: Would you like this back? category? 11 MR. FENSTER: Sure. Thanks. 11 A. I mean that those are the steps in claim 45. 12 12 Q. So if you could turn to page 36 of your report. Those are the elements in claim 45 that are involved in 13 13 A. Yes. creating the user profile from text items in the way 14 Q. Okay. Now, you cite three general concepts for 14 that claim 45 claims. Q. Okay. Is it your opinion that any prior art 15 15 claim 45; is that correct? 16 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 16 reference which creates a user profile from text items 17 17 THE WITNESS: Yes. In connection with claim will necessarily disclose each of claim elements 45(a), 18 45, I lump together the elements that appear across its 18 (b), (c), (f), (g) and (k)? 19 19 A. No, it is not. limitations in three major groups, yes. 20 20 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And the first major Q. Do you, in paragraphs 135 through 139, show how 21 group, as you call it, is creation of user profile from 21 Salton discloses the particular elements of claim 45(a)? 22 22 text items, correct? MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 23 THE WITNESS: Not in those paragraphs taken by A. That's correct. 24 Q. And it's your opinion that that major category 24 themselves. It's in the combination of those paragraphs 25 corresponds to six of the elements from claim 45; is and the claim charts that support these. 93 1 1 that right? MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. So there isn't 2 anything in the disclosure of paragraphs 135 through 139 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 3 THE WITNESS: Yes. And if I may consult the by themselves that would show a mapping of the 4 4 disclosure from Salton '68 to the particular claim patent here for a second and look at claim 45. 5 5 It's my opinion that six of those limitations elements of claim 1(a); is that right? 6 are involved in creating a user profile from text items 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 7 7 in one way or another. THE WITNESS: No, it doesn't say, you know, MR. FENSTER: Q. Is it your opinion that if a 8 8 "This part of Salton 1968 is about retrieving user 9 9 reference discloses creating a user profile from text linguistic data comprising at least one text item," et 10 cetera. 10 items, that that reference will necessarily disclose 11 each of the six elements you've identified as 11 MR. FENSTER: Q. Is there anything in 12 paragraphs 135 through 139 showing how Culliss teacher 12 corresponding? MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. the particular elements of claim 1(a)? 13 14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 14 THE WITNESS: No, not -- it's not. As I -- as 15 I've said, there are -- well, let's see. In claim 45 15 THE WITNESS: No, in the same way; it's not 16 16 here, we have even more. Eight, nine, ten, 11 -- 11 there alone. 17 steps, 11 limitations called out in the claim. So I 17 MR. FENSTER: Q. Is there anything in believe that -- my understanding is that for the patent paragraphs 135 through 139 showing how Culliss teache 18 18 19 to be obvious, each of those steps has to have an 19 any of the particular -- of the particular six elements 20 that you identified as corresponding to this general 20 antecedent. 21 MR. FENSTER: That's not my question. 21 category of creating a user profile from text items? 22 22 THE WITNESS: Okay. MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. At page 36 of your 23 THE WITNESS: In that part of the report alone, report, you, in paragraph -- well, it's listed as 24 no. It's the combination of that part, plus the claim indented 1. The first major category you have listed is charts, that show -- that provide that.

94 96 MR. FENSTER: Q. Is there anything in 1 1 example. paragraphs 135 through 139 that discloses how Herz 2 A. Okay. 3 3 Q. Okay. And Herz is disclosed in ACC2, for teaches each of the six elements that you identify as 4 corresponding to this general category? 5 5 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. A. Well, that one's about claim 1. If we want to 6 THE WITNESS: Well, so it's not about 6 talk about claim 45, we should --7 7 retrieving. Herz does talk about using copies of the Q. You're right. So let's go to ACC11. Okay. target objects that the user indicates are 8 8 Now -- so what I want is your analysis -- what 9 9 representative of his or her interest, so ... you could I want you to point out is where in your report do you 10 say that even in this particular prose, there's some 10 show your own analysis and explanation as to how Herz 11 indication there. 11 discloses each of the elements of claim 45, okay. 12 12 MR. FENSTER: Q. Tell me which of these So let's start -- let's start with 45(a) and go 13 elements -- which of the six elements of 45(a), (b), 13 all the way through (k). And for each one, I want you 14 (c), (f), (g) and (k) you think are specifically 14 to go through and point out everywhere in your report 15 15 disclosed by Herz, as disclosed in paragraphs 135 where you think you provide your own analysis and through 139 of your report. 16 explanation as to how Herz teaches each element. 16 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 17 17 A. Okay. But remember, I -- I -- what this --18 THE WITNESS: Okay. So Herz talks about -- the 18 what I've asserted here is that Salton plus Herz teach 19 citation from Herz here is about initially 19 each element of claim 45, not that Herz alone teaches 20 20 determining -- it's about determining a user profile every element of claim 45. 21 using copies of the profiles of target objects that the 21 Q. Okay. 22 user represents -- indicates are representative of his 22 A. So we'll go through the ones which I think Herz 23 23 or her interest. That's related to retrieving user linguistic data provided by the user. 24 All right. So let's see. For claim 45(a), 2.4 25 MR. FENSTER: Q. Does your report say that? 25 which is retrieving user linguistic data comprising at 95 97 1 A. No. 1 least one text item, and so on -- so Herz in -- let's 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 2 see. I got mixed up here about pages here. 3 THE WITNESS: I take that to be something that 3 In column 56, 20 through 28 says, 4 4 you could easily figure out. "As in any application involving search 5 5 MR. FENSTER: Q. You're referring to paragraph profiles" -- I'll show it to you here --6 138 of your report; is that correct? 6 "they can be initially determined" --7 7 A. That's correct. 8 8 Q. Okay. And 138 says "Herz teaches" and then has A. -- "or explicitly altered by a number 9 a quote from Herz, correct? 9 of procedures, including the following 10 A. That's correct. 10 preferred methods." 11 Q. The sum total of your analysis regarding Herz 11 And one of those methods is using copies of the 12 profiles of target objects or target clusters the user 12 in those paragraphs is "Herz teaches," correct? MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 13 indicates are representative --13 14 THE WITNESS: No. No, that's not the sum 14 Q. Dr. Peters, let me interrupt. MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Don't interrupt his 15 total. Again, the paragraphs -- this paragraph is one 15 16 of a series of paragraphs that culminates by bringing in 16 answer. 17 the attached claim chart --17 MR. FENSTER: Q. -- 'cause you're not actually 18 answering my question. What you were reading from was a 18 MR. FENSTER: Okay. quoted portion from Herz that you have at page 3 of 19 THE WITNESS: -- where Herz is one of the 19 20 ACC11, correct? 20 examples. 21 MR. FENSTER: Q. I'm having trouble finding 21 A. Mm-hm. 22 your analysis in the -- in your report. You keep 22 Q. Okay. What I'm asking you for is not what --23 23 I'm not asking for your analysis now, okay. I'm not telling me that it's here in the report, it's not in the 24 24 charts, and that it's the sum total. asking you to now provide an analysis and explanation as 25 to how Herz -- how the quoted portions of Herz disclose Let's go through -- let's just take Herz as an

100 98 1 1 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 45(a). 2 2 THE WITNESS: I said it had to be read in the A. Mm-hm. 3 context of the rest of the explanation. Q. What I want you to do is point to the -- any 4 (Brief interruption.) explanation that you already provided in your report, if 5 5 there is any. MR. FENSTER: Q. The only words that are yours 6 A. Mm-hm. Okay. Well, the explanation is the in paragraph 148 -- 138 are "Herz teaches," correct? 7 7 A. In 138, that is -- "Herz teaches," and then combination of that citation and the discussion in these 8 paragraphs 135 through 139 as it applies to claim 45(a) 8 there's a quotation. 9 9 Q. And you can't point to any other portion of specifically -- not as it applies to the other claims of 10 10 your report where you provide explanation as to how Herz 45, 'cause this discussion is intended to summarize 11 across claims -- but as it applies to claim 45(a), this 11 teaches element 1(a), correct? 12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 12 discussion, together with the citations from Herz here. 13 Q. Okay. So what you've identified for me is 13 THE WITNESS: The rest of this section plus the 14 14 charts that involve Herz. paragraphs 135 through 139 in your report and the quoted 15 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Let's do the same portions from Herz in the chart, correct? 16 16 exercise for 45(b). A. Mm-hm. 17 17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. A. All right. 18 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And is it correct that 18 Q. You contend that Herz discloses element 45(b), the chart doesn't include any explanation by you; it's 19 19 correct? 20 20 just quoted portions regarding Herz? A. That's right. Generating, in this case, an 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 21 empty user data profile. That's the first step in 22 22 THE WITNESS: That's correct in this case, yes. entering -- in generating data profiles generally. 23 23 Q. Do you provide any explanation in your MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Now, does 135 -- does 24 paragraph 135 of your report provide any explanation by report -- any explanation by you -- as to how Herz 25 you as to how Herz discloses element 45(a)? teaches element 45(b)? 99 101 1 A. Well, I believe it does, yes. 1 A. Yes. The answer is the same as before. It's 2 the combination of these paragraphs 135 through 139, Q. Okay. Show me where. 3 A. Well, in paragraph 138 in particular. which make -- which include particular mention of Herz, 4 4 plus the quoted portions of Herz here in the claim Q. I was asking about 135. 5 5 A. Oh, I'm sorry. 130 -- does 135? 135 speaks 6 about Salton. 6 Q. Okay. And the only words in all of that that 7 7 Q. It doesn't include any explanation by you about you've quoted regarding Herz that are yours are "Herz 8 how Herz discloses paragraph 45(a), correct? teaches," correct --8 9 9 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection --10 10 MR. FENSTER: Q. -- in paragraph 138? Q. Okay. And paragraph 136 of your report 11 likewise does not include any explanation by you as to 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 12 THE WITNESS: No. The -- that's the only 12 how Herz discloses 45(a), correct? mention of Herz in my words. The section as a whole i 13 A. Not by itself. What each of these paragraphs 14 does is to talk about how elements of other patents or 14 intended to show how prior art, including Herz's art, 15 textbooks map onto elements of claim 45(a). 15 maps onto a collection of steps -- anticipates, if you 16 So the only one that specifically is about Herz 16 like -- that's not the right technical term because I'm 17 is 138. It needs to be --17 not saying it anticipates the claim -- but it's prior 18 art for these steps in those limitations of claim 45. 18 Q. Okay. 19 19 A. -- interpreted in the context of the whole MR. FENSTER: Q. I'm eager for your words. It 20 you can point me to any words -- you're a teacher. You 20 section. 21 Q. Okay. And so paragraph 138 is the only 21 explain. If you can point me to any words of yours in 22 paragraph in your entire report that contains any 22 your report where you explain how -- tell me how Herz 23 23 discloses element 45(b), please do so. explanation by you as to how Herz discloses element 24 45(a), correct? 24 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 25 25 THE WITNESS: Well, the report explains the A. That's not what I said.

104 102 context in which this patent occurred; it explains what 1 sentences in your report where that explanation is combination of elements occur there; it talks about 2 3 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. where each of the parts that goes into the combination 4 THE WITNESS: The sentences of the section 4 can be found. 5 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you -we're discussing about paragraphs 135 through 139, plus 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Let him finish. the portion of the claim chart that we're looking at 7 7 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you answer my specific here 8 question. Can you point me to any words of yours where 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Can you point me to -9 9 you explain how Herz in particular discloses element does your report explain in your words how Herz 10 discloses claim element 45(c)? 10 45(b) in particular? 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 11 A. Let's look at 45(c), retrieving a text item 12 12 from user linguistic data. So Herz actually -- yes, THE WITNESS: I guess I don't know what you're 13 Herz does teach that the -- in creating a profile, you 13 looking for if I -- what I've given you isn't an answer 14 can take text and you can break it into segments here to the question. 14 MR. FENSTER: Q. I'm asking where you discuss 15 that correspond to these text items. 15 16 Q. Dr. Peters, please focus on my question. Does 16 Herz in particular, if you do, in your report and where your report explain in your own words how Herz discloses 17 you explain in your own words and provide your analysis 17 18 as to how Herz in particular discloses the particular 18 claim element 45(c)? 19 19 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection -element of 45(b). 20 MR. FENSTER: Q. Yes or no? 2.0 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 21 THE WITNESS: So my -- the report is not a 21 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 22 22 report about Herz; it's a report about the Geller THE WITNESS: I guess you're saying that you 23 find it hard to make the connection between those two 23 patent, what is -- what combination of elements it involves, how other people were looking at those 24 things. I do not explain so -- apparently so that you 25 elements, and even for a similar combination at the could see the connection, what that connection was. 105 1 1 time, and a discussion of who those people were and what MR. FENSTER: No, I --2 they actually presented. 2 THE WITNESS: You don't seem to be seeing the 3 connection. 3 MR. FENSTER: Q. If it's not there, that's a 4 fine answer. If it is there, I want you to show me 4 MR. FENSTER: Q. I'm slow, so, you know --5 where it is. That's all. 5 I -- I'm not asking -- can you answer my question yes or 6 So if you contend that you did explain where no; does your report explain in your own words how Herz 7 7 Herz discloses 45(b) and how, then show me. And if you discloses element 45(b)? 8 8 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. didn't explain it, just say so. 9 A. I am --9 THE WITNESS: I've answered yes. 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 10 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you point me to where? 11 THE WITNESS: -- going to say again that the 11 A. It -report is not about Herz. I don't give a section on 12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 12 what Herz teaches about this particular patent in, you 13 13 THE WITNESS: It is the section that discusses 14 know, minute detail. 14 claims here, including 45(b), these paragraphs 135 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. So is it fair to say 15 through 139, and the portion of the claim charts that 16 that your report wasn't intended to and doesn't explain 16 appear -- that corresponds to -- that matches Herz up 17 how Herz teaches the particular elements of claim 45? 17 with claim 45(b). MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 18 MR. FENSTER: Q. Does your report explain in 18 19 your own words how Herz teaches claim 45(c)? 19 THE WITNESS: No, I don't think that's fair. 20 20 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. So let me ask it this 21 way: Does your report explain how Herz discloses claim 21 MR. FENSTER: Q. Yes or no? 22 45(b)? 22 A. Yes, it does. 23 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 Q. Okay. Where? 24 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 24 THE WITNESS: In my opinion, it does. 25 MR. FENSTER: Q. And can you point me to any 25 THE WITNESS: Same portion of these pages 36

	106		108
1	and 37 and the part of the claim chart that maps Herz	1	discuss Herz in particular?
2	quotations from Herz to claim 45(c).	2	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
3	MR. FENSTER: Q. Does your report explain in	3	THE WITNESS: Well, there may well be. I don't
4	your own words how Herz discloses claim element 45(f)		recall offhand. It did come up other times, so surely
5	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	5	there are. In claim discussed in claim 1, for
6	THE WITNESS: Yes, it does.	6	example.
7	MR. FENSTER: Q. Where?	7	MR. FENSTER: Q. Is paragraph 138 the only
8	A. Paragraphs 135	8	place where you discuss Herz in connection with claims
9	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	9	45(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (k)?
10	THE WITNESS: to 139 and the portion of the	10	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
11	claim chart that maps citations from Herz to claim	11	THE WITNESS: No. It's paragraphs 135 through
12	45(f).	12	139, taken with the claim charts.
13	MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Does your report	13	MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you mention Herz in
14	explain in your own words how Herz teaches claim 45(g)		- ·
15		15	paragraph 135? A. No.
16	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	16	
17	THE WITNESS: Yes, it does.  MR. FENSTER: Q. Where?	17	Q. Do you mention Herz in paragraph 136?
18	_		A. I don't mention him, no. I'm talking Q. Do you mention do you mention Herz in
	A. Paragraphs 135 through 139 and the portion of	18	•
19 20	the claim chart that map Herz to claim 45(g).	19 20	paragraph 137? A. No.
	Q. Okay. Does your report explain in your own		
21 22	words how Herz teaches or discloses the element 45(k)?	21 22	Q. And do you mention Herz in paragraph 139?
	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.		A. No. These are a series of connected paragraphs
23	THE WITNESS: Yes.	23	of which the paragraph about Herz is one. And it
24	MR. FENSTER: Q. Where?	24	relates, in the context, to all the other discussion.
25	A. Yes, it does.	25	Q. Does your report contain any explanation by you
	107		109
1	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	1	as to how Salton '68 teaches element 45(a)?
2	THE WITNESS: Paragraphs 135 through 139 and	2	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
3	the portion of the claim chart that maps, in this case,	3	THE WITNESS: Yes, it does.
4	multiple citations from Herz to claim 45(k).	4	MR. FENSTER: Q. Where?
5	MR. FENSTER: Q. And do you agree with me that	5	A. It's in paragraph 135 through 139 and the
6	the only words of your own that you provide in	6	charts about Salton '68, which this this is the chart
7	paragraphs 135 through 139 and the chart ACC11 regarding	g 7	which combines Salton with Herz.
8	Herz are the introductory phrase "Herz teaches"?	8	Q. And you're referring to ACC11, correct?
9	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	9	A. I am, yes.
10	THE WITNESS: No, I don't agree with that at	10	Q. Does your report disclose any explanation by
11	all. The section is about a collection of concepts	11	you in your own words as to how Salton '68 teaches
12	explained in light of a background which I expanded on	12	element 45(b)?
13	in considerable detail. And the citations from the	13	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
14	patents as well as the Geller patent are things which I	14	THE WITNESS: The same paragraphs, 135 through
15	believe are understandable in light of that explanation.	15	139, and the part of this chart that lines up Salton
16	And I think that it's a clear taken	16	specifically here are reference to the figure and
17	together, it amounts to a clear explanation of how Herz	17	paragraph limitation (b) of claim 45.
18	maps onto it.	18	MR. FENSTER: Q. Does your report contain any
19	And so the words "Herz teaches" are not the sum	19	explanation by you as to how Salton '68 teaches element
20	total of what I have to say about what it is that Herz	20	45(c)?
21	teaches.	21	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
22	MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you say	22	THE WITNESS: Paragraphs 135 through 139
23	A. You have to read it in the context of all that	23	MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you answer my question
٠ ـ ا		24	vac or no?
24	surrounds it.	24	yes or no?

110 112 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Let him finish his 1 Salton with claim 45(k). 1 2 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Counsel, we've been going answer. 3 3 THE WITNESS: Well, yes. I'll start with yes. for about an hour. If this is a natural stopping point, Same paragraphs and the part of the claim chart that 4 4 could we take a break. 5 5 lines up Salton with 45(c). MR. FENSTER: Sure. 6 MR. FENSTER: Q. Does your report contain any 6 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now off the record at 7 7 analysis or explanation by you as to how Salton '68 2:07. 8 teaches element 45(f)? 8 (Recess taken.) 9 9 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record at MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 10 10 2:24. THE WITNESS: Yes. 11 MR. FENSTER: O. And where is that found? 11 MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, you assert in 12 ACC12 that chart -- that claim 45 is invalid in light of 12 THE WITNESS: It's in the paragraph about Salton, 135, plus the remainder of that section, 139, 13 several references, the principal ones of which are 13 14 Braden and Kurtzman; is that correct? 14 and the portion of the claim chart that line up Salton 15 A. I believe that's correct. If I could just see 15 '68 with claim 45(f). 16 16 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Does the chart ACC1 it for one second. 17 17 include any explanation by you or just quotations or Yes, that -- that is correct. 18 18 citations to Salton '68? Q. Does your report disclose anywhere any analysis 19 A. In the chart, there are citations and 19 or explanation in your own words -- strike that. 20 quotations. 2.0 Does your report contain any explanation in 21 Q. The chart itself doesn't -- does the chart 21 your own words as to how Braden teaches element 45(a)? 22 22 itself include any explanation by you regarding Salton MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 23 THE WITNESS: Well, yes, it does. I discuss 24 A. The chart taken alone does not seem to include 24 Braden in -- when it's introduced as prior art; I 25 discuss it in some other places; and I discuss it in any explanation about Salton. It's the combination that 113 1 does. particular in paragraphs -- the ones we were just 2 Q. And does your report contain any explanation by talking about -- and I have to find them again here -you as to how Salton '68 discloses claim element 45(f)' 3 paragraphs 135 through 139 with -- together with that 4 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. portion of the claim chart that you just mentioned, 5 THE WITNESS: Yes. ACC12, that pertains to claim 45(a). 6 MR. FENSTER: Q. And where is that found? 6 MR. FENSTER: Q. It's your testimony that your 7 A. Okay, I -- it's right here in front of me. So report contains an explanation in your own words 8 I thought that might be the one I just answered, but regarding how Braden -- explaining how Braden discloses 9 maybe I turned to it in looking through the chart. 9 claim 45(a) in paragraphs 135 through 139 together with 10 It's in paragraphs 135 through 139 plus the 10 the chart; is that correct? 11 section of the chart that has some citations of Salton 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 12 THE WITNESS: I -- I do think that it does. 12 lined up with claim 45(f). 13 What I said was that it's discussed in the places where 13 O. Okay. And does your report contain any explanation or analysis by you as to how Salton '68 14 14 Braden itself is introduced and those paragraphs and the 15 teaches element 45(g)? 15 chart. 16 16 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. Let's see. Paragraph 67, for example, Braden 17 THE WITNESS: Yes, it's paragraphs 135 through 17 is discussed, along with being relevant to the -- those 139 and the portion of the chart that aligns citations paragraphs 135 through 139. And, of course, it's also 18 18 19 19 of Salton with claim limitation 45(g). in that chart. 20 20 MR. FENSTER: Q. And is your answer the same MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. So you're telling me 21 with respect to Salton -- your analysis of -- or your 21 that the places where I can find -- that your report 22 explanation of how Salton '68 teaches 45(k)? 22 explains in your own words how Braden teaches 45(a) in 23 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 23 particular at paragraph 67 of your report, paragraphs 24 THE WITNESS: It -- yes, it is. Those 24 135 through 139 of your report, together with the chart; is that correct? paragraphs plus the part that lines up citations of

	114		116
1	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	1	discussion of Braden in connection with user profiling
2	THE WITNESS: Let's say I can look through	2	in paragraphs 98 through 111, and the discussion of
3	the report and see if there are any other places that	3	claim creation of a user profile from text items,
4	are pertinent. 45(a) we're talking about?	4	paragraphs 135 through 139, and the citations in the
5	MR. FENSTER: Yep.	5	claim charts for claim 45(b).
6	THE WITNESS: Well, that's part of the creation	6	Q. Does paragraph 67 mention element 45(b) at all
7	of a user profile and so there's also relevant	7	A. Let me look.
8	discussion of creating user profiles in paragraphs 98	8	No, paragraph 67 does not mention claim 45(b).
9	through 111. And indeed in the section under Graham	9	Q. Does claim [sic] 98 mention either Braden or
10	factors on the scope and content of the prior art,	10	element 45(b)?
11	there's again reference to Braden.	11	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
12	MR. FENSTER: Q. What paragraph are you at?	12	THE WITNESS: Does paragraph 98
13	A. In paragraph 171 and paragraphs 178, 175.	13	MR. FENSTER: Q. Mention either Braden or
14	So they've you know, it's not that the	14	paragraph 45(b) element 45(b).
15	contribution of Braden to understanding how to create	15	A. Paragraph 98.
16	user profiles is not discussed in the report; I believe	16	No, it does not mention either one.
17	it is.	17	Q. Does paragraph 99 mention either Braden or
18	Q. What did you understand my last question to be?	18	element 45(b)?
19	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	19	A. No, it does not.
20	THE WITNESS: Well, I think	20	Q. How about paragraph 100?
21	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Counsel, he answered yo	ır 21	A. No.
22	question. Can you move on.	22	Q. How about 101?
23	MR. FENSTER: No.	23	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
24	Q. What did you understand my last question to be?	24	THE WITNESS: Paragraph 101 doesn't mention
25	A. Well, your very last question was did I agree	25	either Braden or 45(b).
	115		117
1	that only you named I forget exactly which	1	MR. FENSTER: Q. Does 102 mention either
2	paragraphs, but a specific set of paragraphs plus the	2	Braden or paragraph [sic] 45(b)?
3	claim charts were the analysis of how Braden teaches	3	A. Paragraph 102 does not mention either Braden or
4	this.	4	paragraph 45 or claim limitation 45(b).
5	And I was saying no, no, what I had answered	5	Q. Do any of the paragraphs 98 through 111 mention
6	the previous question as saying was that those	6	either Braden or paragraph 45(b)?
7	paragraphs, the claim charts and other discussion in	7	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
8	these 53 pages, or whatever the number is 57 pages	8	THE WITNESS: No, they don't mention it.
9	were all a part of the account of how Braden teaches the	9	MR. FENSTER: Q. Do any of paragraphs 135
10	construction of things relevant to the construction of	10	through 139 mention Braden?
11	user profiles.	11	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
12	MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you believe that your	12	THE WITNESS: No, they do not mention Braden.
13	report sets forth an explanation in your own words as to	13	MR. FENSTER: Q. So I don't understand, Dr.
14	how specifically Braden specifically discloses element	14	Peters, how if paragraphs 98 through 111 don't mention
15	45(b)?	15	either Braden or claim 45(b) you could answer a question
16	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	16	that asks specifically for your explanation of your
17	THE WITNESS: Yes, I do believe that.	17	words explaining how Braden teaches 45(b) you would
18	MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Can you show me when		respond citing, in part, paragraphs 98 through 111.
19	in your report you explain in your own words	19	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Is there a question?
20	specifically how Braden specifically discloses the	20 21	MR. FENSTER: Q. Please explain that to me.
	-1	71	A. When I'm trying to think of an analogy here
21	elements of 45(b).  MS_DALLIOS DOPERTS: Objection Forms		
22	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	22	that might be helpful to you.
22 23	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Yes. You put the words put	22 23	that might be helpful to you.  So when someone explains that a group of
22	MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.	22	that might be helpful to you.

120 118 1 chart. Yes, it does; that's the function of the claim historical writings talk about some element of American Revolution or something like that -- and they explain 2 chart. 3 MR. FENSTER: Q. Is that the only place where 3 that in detail, giving examples but not exhaustive 4 lists, and then they give in detail a list of authors, you provide any explanation discussing Braden 5 maybe including some that weren't mentioned, called out specifically, and only Braden, and how it discloses 6 explicitly as examples in that earlier -- the earlier element 45(b)? 7 7 general discussion, and show, you know, the MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 8 correspondence between their words and whatever aspect 8 THE WITNESS: The discussion in the prose part, 9 of, say, the American Revolution it was they were [sic] the pages 1 through 57, is not unique to Braden. It 10 10 about, it seems to me reasonable to say "Look, they doesn't -- it does not mention Braden and claim 45(b) in explained the connection between that writing and that 11 the same sentence, as far as I recall. 11 12 12 element of the revolution." So if you're asking me did I mention the two in 13 They talked about it in general terms. They 13 the same sentence somewhere else, I did not. 14 14 gave some specific examples. They called out this MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Did you mention -- did 15 15 particular case separately. you provide any explanation regarding Braden 16 16 specifically and any particular element of claim 45? O. Okay. 17 17 A. They didn't repeat their words about that case. A. Yes, I believe I --18 They didn't mention it as an example. 18 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 19 Q. Okay. But my question to you is, using your 19 THE WITNESS: I did. I believe that is exactly 20 analogy, show me where, if anywhere, you discuss a 20 what these -- this section -- these paragraphs, combined 21 particular author in connection with disclosing a 21 with the claims chart, do. 22 22 particular thing. MR. FENSTER: Q. All right. Let's keep going 23 23 I'm not asking you the general question why do one by one, then. 24 you think the patent's obvious, okay. I understand your Do you provide any explanation discussing 25 whole report lays that out. What I'm asking you is for 25 Braden in particular in connection with element 45(c)? 121 1 1 a very specific disclosure, if it's there. MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 2 It's not there, and yet you won't tell me. THE WITNESS: Let's see. 45(c) ... it would be in the claims chart, including, for example, ACC12, 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Counsel, are you going to 4 where -- in the portion where claim 45(c) is paired up get to a question? 5 MR. FENSTER: You know -with citations to Braden. 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: I mean, I appreciate that 6 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And do you include any 7 you're arguing with him. analysis other than citations to Braden in the ACC12? 8 MR. FENSTER: -- you can object to form, and 8 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 9 9 that's all you can do. THE WITNESS: Yes. It's in the paragraphs that MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Well, you need to -- you 10 10 should be read in understanding the force of these --11 need to ask a question. 11 this claim chart, paragraphs 135 through 139. 12 MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, I'm asking you 12 MR. FENSTER: Q. Let me ask a more specific 13 whether your report specifically discusses a specific 13 question. Other than citations and quotations from 14 reference in connection with element 45(b), for example. 14 Braden that you include in your chart, do you include 15 And I'm asking you very specific questions. I'm asking 15 any explanation or analysis that specifically addresses 16 16 discrete questions. And I'd appreciate an answer to Braden in connection with element 45(c)? 17 those discrete questions. Will you try to do that for 17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 18 18 THE WITNESS: Well, specifically addresses me? 19 A. I am trying to do that for you. I'm trying to 19 Braden, I don't know what you mean. As I've explained, 20 answer questions accurately here. So --20 I think it clearly encompasses Braden. You say it's not 21 Q. Does your report contain any explanation where 21 specific. I think it clearly encompasses Braden. I say 22 you discuss Braden specifically, and only Braden, and 22 yes. 23 how it discloses element 45(b)? 23 MR. FENSTER: Q. Even though Braden's not 24 24 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. mentioned anywhere in the paragraphs that you cited in 25 THE WITNESS: That's the function of the claim connection with --

122 124 profile are relevant. As far as I can see here, they do 1 A. No, that's right. 2 not explicitly reference Kurtzman. O. -45(c)? 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 3 Again, the paragraphs 135 through 139 are 4 THE WITNESS: The claim charts are referenced particularly relevant. And I don't see specific 5 for incorporation. That's exactly the purpose of reference to Kurtzman in them. 6 saying -- you know, paragraph 139 says "as explained in 6 There is a reference -- there are references in 7 7 detail." paragraphs 171 and 179 to Kurtzman. 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. And that detailed explanation 8 So those are explicit reference. And then, of 9 9 you think is in the charts? course, in a claim chart such as ACC12, there's a good 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 10 deal of detailed information about Kurtzman in relation 11 THE WITNESS: The details are in the charts. 11 to claim limitations of claim 45, including -- and I'm 12 The general explanation is relevant for interpreting the sorry, I've now forgotten which limitation you were 12 13 13 charts. And yes, I think together there's a asking about. 14 sufficiently detailed explanation. Q. 45(c). 14 15 A. (C). Yes, so here, for example, are citations 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you point to anywhere in 16 your report where you explain in your own words how 16 to Kurtzman in connection with 45(c). 17 Braden specifically discloses the elements of claim 17 Q. It was actually all of the elements, 45(a), 18 45(f). 18 (b), (c), (f), (g) or (k). 19 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 19 A. Oh, all right. Well, I can check and see. 20 20 THE WITNESS: So the -- once again, the Yes, there are Kurtzman reference for (a), for paragraphs 135 through 139, which make reference to the 2.1 21 (b), (c), (f) and (j) [sic]. 22 attached charts, refer -- apply in interpreting the 22 O. And in the chart ACC12 where you say that ther 23 23 references in ACC12 where reference to Braden is was a good bit of detailed information, did any of that include any analysis by you other than mere quotes from 2.4 connected to claim 45(f). 25 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. But you acknowledge 25 Kurtzman? 125 1 1 that Braden's not mentioned anywhere in paragraphs 135 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 2 through 139, correct? 2 THE WITNESS: Well, let me see what -- what's 3 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. said here in those sections on Kurtzman. 4 THE WITNESS: There's not a -- there's not an 4 Right. So those sections on Kurtzman in this 5 5 explicit mention of Braden in those paragraphs. chart do consist of quotes. The analysis is simply the 6 MR. FENSTER: Let me have that back. combination of especially paragraphs 135 through 139 7 7 THE WITNESS: Sure. with the chart. It's not found in the chart itself 8 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you show me where in the by -- taken by itself. 9 body of your report, separate from the chart -- do you 9 MR. FENSTER: O. Okay. Does your report 10 have any -- strike that. 10 contain any explanation in your own words addressing 11 Do you have any discussion in the body of your 11 Culliss specifically in connection with elements 45(a), 12 report that is specific to Kurtzman, II? 12 (b), (c), (f), (g) or (k)? 13 A. To Kurtzman, II? 13 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 14 14 THE WITNESS: Well, so Culliss is referenced in O. Yes. 15 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 15 paragraph 137, among those 135 through 139 that I 16 MR. FENSTER: In connection with elements 16 referred you to earlier for a discussion of the 17 45(a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (k). 17 interpretation of these particular claim charts. MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 18 I don't have all of the claim charts in front 18 19 19 THE WITNESS: So again, the Kurtzman patent is of me. But looking through this chart, for example, 20 20 introduced in the prior art section in paragraph 77, there are -- against 45(a) -- there are citations to 21 which talks about disclosing the use of natural language 21 Culliss. Same for 45(b), (c), (f), (g) and (k). 22 22 processing to select advertisements related to a user MR. FENSTER: Q. Is it true that the 23 based on the user's profile. 23 information in the chart consists only of quotations 24 And then the section I referred you to earlier, 24 from Culliss, with respect to those elements, and none paragraphs 98 through 111, about creation of a user of your own analysis?

128 126 1 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 1 MR. FENSTER: Q. What aspects of Herz are you 2 THE WITNESS: The -- in the chart, against 2 relying on to combine with Salton to achieve the claimed 3 3 those -- those claim limitations, there are quotations invention in claim 45? from Culliss. The analysis is -- results from the full 4 A. Well, especially elements that have to do with 5 5 report, including the discussion in the prose, how user profiles are created from a collection of text. 6 combination of the charts. Q. And what does your report say about the 7 MR. FENSTER: Q. Referring to ACC11, you opine specific motivation to combine the Herz teaching 8 that claim 45 is invalid in view of principal references 8 regarding the user profiles created from texts with 9 Salton '68 and Herz, in addition to other prior art 9 Salton '68? 10 references, correct? 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 11 THE WITNESS: Well, what it says in paragraphs 12 THE WITNESS: Well, my report as a whole, yes, 12 159 and 160 is that the creation of the Internet led to 13 contains that opinion. And this chart ACC11 is support this need for personalized search engines -- that's 14 for that. 14 something that didn't exist, by the way, at the time 15 MR. FENSTER: Q. What elements of claim 45 are 15 of -- neither the Internet nor highly individualized 16 missing from claim Salton -- from the reference Salton 16 search existed at the time of Salton 1968 -- and that '68 that you relied on Herz for? 17 17 this design need, this market pressure to improve the 18 A. Well, at a glance through the chart, I seem to 18 performance and accuracy, which incidentally the Geller have a reference to Salton connected with each element 19 19 patent cites as a motivation, produced a pressure to 20 of the claim. 20 solve that problem. 21 And so my reliance on Herz really is to 21 And among the numerous pieces of prior art that 22 strengthen the case that -- you know, in some cases, the 22 could be combined, Salton '68 and the Herz patent are an 23 references are not a point citation in Salton, but 23 example. 24 they're -- for example, say Salton teaches receiving --24 MR. FENSTER: Q. You don't point to anything 25 sorry -- retrieving, locating, multiple text items, and 25 specific in terms of a motivation to combine Herz 129 there's a reference to a section of his 1968 book, which specifically with Salton '68, correct? I thought really would be more convincing if backed up 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 3 by a more specific detail that -- for which I cited Herz THE WITNESS: Well, I mean, there's -- as I 4 and other -- and the -- you know, the right-hand column say, there's nothing special about Herz. There are a 5 additional -number of combinations that are possible. Herz, and 6 Q. So let me understand. 6 Braden-Harder is another one that's actually called out 7 7 A. -- items. here. But that's for claim 1. So ... 8 Q. You've got a citation to Salton '68 for every 8 I didn't say and I wouldn't say that, you know, 9 element, correct? 9 Salton published a paper that said "Please combine me 10 A. Yes, I have. 10 with Herz." 11 Q. Okay. 11 MR. FENSTER: Q. Claim 45(h) requires 12 12 A. So it appears. generating at least one user segment group by grouping together identical segments. Do you see that? 13 Q. And yet you don't find that Salton '68 14 anticipates claim 45; is that correct? 14 A. Yes. 15 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 15 Q. Does your report address that specific element, 16 THE WITNESS: No, I haven't -- you know, I 16 and if so, where? 17 haven't asserted that it anticipates it. 17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. MR. FENSTER: Q. So there are some THE WITNESS: Let me just read that, if I may. 18 18 19 references -- some citations that you have there that 19 in the context here of the sequence of steps so that I 20 2.0 are not sufficient to find the element fully disclosed can figure out where I did talk about that. 21 sufficient for anticipation; is that fair? 21 So I have a hard time finding it here without 22 22 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. looking through the entire thing in detail. The user 23 THE WITNESS: Yes. I wouldn't -- I would not 23 segment groups are sequences of parts of speech, try to make the case that the Salton 1968 book 24 according to the claims construction, if I remember anticipates the claim 45 in this case. correctly.

Perhaps, actually, if you could let me see a 1 copy of the claims construction order, that would help 3 me to be more precise.

(Plaintiff's Exhibit 4

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marked for identification.)

MR. FENSTER: Q. Hand you what's been marked as Exhibit 4, which was Exhibit D to your expert report It's a copy of the claims construction order.

A. Thank you. Segment, page 22.

Right, so the court construed segment to mean one or more parts of speech arranged in an order.

That's more or less the way I was recalling it.

13 O. So my question is does your report specifically 14 discuss where the prior art discloses that specific 15 element in 45(h), and if so, where?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

17 THE WITNESS: Well, I know I considered it. I 18 think I put it in my report. Let me just look through 19 here and see if I can figure out where.

20 So the segments are the elements -- if you 21 like, the numbers -- of the profiles. And in the user 22 document profiles, they're combined with frequency 23

24 And so I'm not finding it right offhand where I 25 talk about segments in connection -- you know, as a par 1 Q. I don't understand your answer. What do you mean sufficient skill to practice?

3 A. Well, so what I suggested constituted ordinary

skill in the art was a bachelor's degree in computing,

because computing is the mechanism by which this 6 happens, together with either some advanced study or

work experience, at least couple years of that, in

8 natural language processing and personalization as being 9

the other ingredients here.

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I think I called out information retrieval as also being relevant. Let me look and see exactly what did say. Trying to find the paragraph here.

13 Well, I've already gotten to the overview of 14 the patent, so I must have skipped over it.

15 Q. Are you looking for paragraph 64?

16 A. I'm sure I defined it earlier than that, but 17 you're right, I probably reiterated it. Oh, no. Thank 18 you. 64. Right. Right.

So what I did say here was an undergraduate degree in computer science or its equivalent and either additional graduate education or one to two years of work experience in natural language processing, use of computers to process human language for some useful purpose, and information retrieval.

Okay. So NLP, information retrieval and

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1 of profile. But that's what they are.

2 MR. FENSTER: Q. You can't point to anyplace 3 in your report where you specifically address element 4 45(h); is that correct? 5

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

6 THE WITNESS: I can read the whole thing as we 7 sit here and try, but I can't find it off the top of my 8 head. The point is that elements -- as constituents of 9 profiles, the counterpart of -- counterparts of segment 10 and prior art are the corresponding elements of profiles 11 that other inventors, other scientists, use. 12

MR. FENSTER: Q. Let's talk a little bit about 13 your definition of a person with ordinary skill in the 14 art.

15 A. All right.

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16 Q. How did you -- what's your understanding of the

17 level of a person of ordinary skill in the art?

A. This would be an ordinary person who is 18

sufficiently skilled to practice the art to which the 2.0 invention belongs, or the nearest neighboring art, in

21 this case -- in this case, there is an art of

22 information retrieval, Web search, including

23 personalized search.

24 So it would be a person who had sufficient 25 skill to practice that art.

computer science were the three ingredients.

Q. Okay. Would you consider yourself a person of

3 skill -- of ordinary skill in the art in 1999?

A. In 1999, no, I would not have been.

O. Why not?

A. Well, I was doing research in information

retrieval at that time, and I think my skill was greater

8 than ordinary skill.

9 Q. So you had an extraordinary level of skill in 10 the art at the time --

11 A. Well --

12 Q. -- in 1999?

13 A. -- I'm --

14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: -- too modest to say so, but I'll accept your characterization.

MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And were you working in the field of personalized search at the time?

19 A. I do have a paper in personalized search at

20 about that time, yes.

Q. Is that your paper in 1998?

A. Yes, the one in SIGIR, mm-hm.

23 Q. And did your paper describe the inventions

24 claimed in the Geller patent?

A. No. it didn't.

134 136 1 Q. Have you found -- are you -- have you found any 1 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. references after 1999 that describe all the elements of 2 THE WITNESS: Well, I mean, my understanding 3 claim 1 of the Geller patent? pretty much what's -- I wrote in the report here. So 4 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. let me try to refresh myself and you on that. 5 5 THE WITNESS: Have I found references after '99 So the standard is the reasonable examiner 6 that describe all the elements of claim 1. I don't 6 would consider the piece of art important in deciding 7 7 think I have, no. whether to allow the application to issue as a patent. 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. Have you found any references 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. That's the full statement of 9 9 after 1999 that describe all the elements of claim 45 of your understanding as to materiality? 10 10 the Geller patent? A. Well, that's what it is -- that's what 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 11 materiality is. So there's a -- you know, a reference 12 12 THE WITNESS: I don't think I have found any is not material if it's merely cumulative to or is less 13 13 reference since then. relevant than information that has already been 14 MR. FENSTER: Q. Have you found any references 14 considered by the examiner. 15 15 since '99 that describe all of the elements of any of Q. Okay. And is this the standard that you 16 applied in reaching your conclusions as to whether 16 the asserted claims of the Geller patent? 17 17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. several references were material? 18 THE WITNESS: Well, let's see. The others are 18 A. Yes, it is. 19 19 Q. Okay. And you were asked specifically to dependent claims. So that would include the elements of 20 1 and 45, as well as the additions. No. 20 determine whether three patents, Ahn, Dasan and ... 21 MR. FENSTER: Okay. We have to go off the 21 "Syfert"? 22 22 A. Yes, I'm not sure of the pronunciation either. record to change the tape. 23 23 THE WITNESS: Okay. I called it "Seefert." 24 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of video 24 Q. Okay. You were asked to determine whether 25 number 2. We are now off the record at 3:17. 25 those three patents are material art; is that correct? 135 137 1 1 (Recess taken.) A. Yes, I was. 2 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record at 2 Q. Okay. And did you reach any conclusions with 3:32. This is the beginning of video number 3. respect to those three references? 3 4 MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, in addition to 4 A. Yes. I looked at those in light of the art 5 invalidity, were you asked to render an opinion 5 that the examiner hadn't listed on the face of the 6 regarding materiality of several prior -- several 6 Geller patent, and I came to the conclusion that both 7 7 references? the Dasan and -- "Seefert" is what I've been saying --8 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 8 patents were material. 9 THE WITNESS: Yes, I was asked to render an 9 O. Okay. And what about the Ahn reference? opinion on materiality. 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 10 11 MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you have an understanding 11 MR. FENSTER: Q. Did you reach any conclusions 12 as to what materiality relates to, why were you asked 12 regarding the materiality of Ahn? to -- or why you were asked to render such an opinion? 13 A. I did not conclude that it was material. 13 14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 14 Q. Why not? 15 THE WITNESS: Yes. 15 A. Well, I thought that in the case of Ahn, it was 16 MR. FENSTER: Go ahead. 16 merely cumulative. 17 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Is there a question? 17 Q. Now, did you find that the Dasan reference MR. FENSTER: Q. Why were you asked -- what 18 anticipates any of the asserted claims? 18 19 19 does materiality relate to? A. No, I didn't find that the Dasan reference A. Well, materiality relates to the question of 20 20 anticipates claims. 21 whether a patent examiner would wish to see a particular 21 Q. Did you find that the Siefert reference 22 reference -- a particular piece of prior art at the time 22 anticipates any of the asserted claims? 23 he's examining a patent application. 23 A. No, I didn't find a Siefert reference to that 24 Q. What is your understanding as to the -- as the 24 either. standard for materiality? 25 Q. Did you conclude that Dasan, in combination

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138 140 with other references, would render any of the asserted 1 A. Yes. claims invalid? 2 O. There you make the assertion, "The 3 3 A. I thought that Dasan was a reference that prior art patents cited by the '067 patent 4 the -- a reasonable examiner would have wanted to have in combination with the Dasan and Siefert 5 in front of him in considering whether the claims of the patents render the '067 patent obvious." Geller patent met the standard of being new, useful and 6 Do you see that? 7 7 not obvious. A. Yes. 8 Q. Did you reach a conclusion that Dasan, in 8 Q. Okay. Do you state anywhere in your report 9 9 combination with any other patents or prior art, what combinations of Dasan and Siefert and the cited 10 rendered any of the asserted claims invalid for 10 prior art references would render any claim obvious? 11 obviousness? 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 12 12 THE WITNESS: I don't know where that would be A. Oh, I feel that it does, yes, of course. 13 Q. Okay. What combinations did you find in your 13 in the reports. Not in the claim charts. Those are not report, that include Dasan, render any of the asserted 14 14 the art that was cited by the '067 patent. And I claims invalid for obviousness? 15 15 certainly don't here in this paragraph 198, so I think 16 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 16 that's probably -- you know, so it's not called out --17 17 THE WITNESS: Well, in each case where Dasan is if you're saying here do I call out -- again, as we've 18 cited in one of these claim charts, I felt that Dasan, 18 been talking about limitation by limitation for a given 19 in combination with the other patents -- the other art 19 claim for each of the claims in issue -- each of the 20 20 that was cited for that -- for that claim limitation, claims that's in issue, do I have a place in the report 21 made it -- you know, predated it. It was prior art and 21 where I call that out, I do not seem to do that. 22 22 would therefore be part of the combination that would MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And you don't in your 23 23 render the claim, the entire collection of limitations, report anywhere identify any particular combinations of 24 24 any of the cited prior art of either Dasan and/or invalid for obviousness. 25 Siefert that would render any of the asserted claims MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you anywhere set forth any 141 combinations that include Dasan for any of the asserted obvious; is that correct? 2 claims? 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 3 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: So the reason that I felt that 4 THE WITNESS: Well, let's look. I certainly Dasan and Siefert were not cumulative is that they each 5 included Dasan at certain places in the charts, so that disclose elements that were not disclosed in the cited 6 it does figure in combination with other art in that art, this art in the patent application, or -- neither 7 7 the application, nor that was, you know, listed by the wav. 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you rely on Dasan as any 8 examiner. 9 of the principal references in any of the 13 charts? 9 And so I do call out in paragraph 196 that the 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 10 Dasan patent discloses utilization of user profiles and 11 THE WITNESS: I don't -- could I -- could I see 11 the Siefert patent, I call out in 197, discloses display 12 12 the -- let's look at the charts. I don't think that I of documents through a user profile and a learning 13 13 did, but let's look at the charts and just make sure profile. that I'm going to be able to -- I'm going to give you 14 14 And my belief was that if the examiner had had 15 the correct answer here. 15 these bits of art in front of him, along with the art 16 Thank you. 16 that he did consider, that he might well have come to a 17 So the first one, the principal ones are Salton 17 different conclusion. So that's his -- that's as close as I come in and Culliss -- Salton '89 and Culliss, Braden and Herz, 18 18 19 Braden and Culliss, Culliss and Herz, Salton '68 and 19 the report to giving combinations that would make the 20 Braden, Salton '68 and Herz, Salton '89 and Salton '68, 20 claims obvious. 21 Salton '89 and Braden, Salton '68 and Herz, Braden and 21 MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you identify any 22 Kurtzman, II, Salton '68 and Culliss. 22 particular combinations of any of the cited prior art 23 So the answer is no, not as the principal. 23 with either Dasan and/or Siefert that would render any

of the asserted claims obvious in your report?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

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MR. FENSTER: O. Okay. If you could refer to

paragraph 198 of your report.

142 144 THE WITNESS: I think I've just answered the page of the Geller patent and continuing on to the 1 2 second page, there is a list of references cited. Do question. 3 MR. FENSTER: Q. The answer's no, isn't it? 3 you see that? 4 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 4 A. Yes. 5 5 THE WITNESS: The answer is I explained what Q. Okay. And that includes the prior art cited, 6 was in Dasan and Siefert that wasn't in the other art 6 correct? 7 7 that could have rendered it obvious. A. That's correct. So we're looking at three 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you identify any 8 patents and three other publications on the front page 9 particular combinations that include Dasan and Siefert and then an additional seven patents on the second page 10 with the cited prior art that would render any of the 10 Q. Okay. So we've got a total of ten patents, 11 asserted claims invalid for obviousness? 11 correct? 12 12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. A. Correct. 13 THE WITNESS: All of the prior art that was 13 Q. Okay. And three articles? 14 A. Yes. 14 considered -- that was listed by the examiner at the 15 Q. Okay. And is it your opinion that the asserted 15 time it was considered can be combined with either of these two. And I do believe that if they were combined, 16 claims are invalid in light of all 13 references 16 17 there's a good chance the examiner could have found the 17 together plus Dasan or any one of the 13 references plus 18 invention was obvious. 18 Dasan? 19 I can -- I suppose that's identification. 19 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 20 20 You're asking -- if you're asking do I have a sentence THE WITNESS: So I haven't asserted that all of 21 that says "The claims 1 and 45 are obvious when you 21 them together plus Dasan make the invention obvious. I 22 22 combine Dasan with," and then I give a list of all of asserted that Dasan was material, that it was not 23 23 the art that was considered by the examiner, there is no cumulative. I think Dasan in combination with some 24 24 other prior art does make the claims obvious. such sentence there. 25 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Do you identify any 25 And the other prior art is not the cited art; 143 145 1 particular combinations -it's the art that I put in my report. 2 A. There is --2 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. So you have not 3 concluded -- strike that. 3 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 4 4 Your report doesn't set forth any affirmative MR. FENSTER: Let me finish the question. 5 5 Q. Do you identify in your report any particular opinion that any of the asserted claims are invalid for combinations that include Dasan and/or Siefert and the 6 obviousness in light of Dasan in combination with any of 7 7 cited prior art that would render any asserted claim the cited prior art; is that correct? 8 invalid? 8 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 9 9 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: That's correct. 10 THE WITNESS: To the extent that I've just been 10 MR. FENSTER: Okay. 11 explaining, yes. Do I have a sentence that names any 11 THE WITNESS: It doesn't set forth any such 12 12 subsets of the cited prior art along with Dasan and/or opinion. 13 13 MR. FENSTER: Got it. Siefert? There is no such sentence. 14 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Then tell me which 14 Q. Now, if I could ask you to take a look at 15 particular combinations you think you disclose in your 15 paragraph 194 of your report. 16 report that would render any of the asserted claims 16 A. Okay. 17 invalid for obviousness that include Dasan and/or 17 Q. In paragraph 194 you state, quote, 18 "In my opinion, the Dasan and Siefert 18 Siefert. 19 19 A. Well, I think the combination -patents each disclose elements of the '067 20 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 20 patent that were not disclosed by the prior 21 THE WITNESS: -- of all prior art with Dasan or 21 art that was submitted to the United States 22 with Siefert could well have led the examiner to the 22 Patent & Trademark Office for the '067 23 conclusion that the invention was obvious. 23 patent," comma, "and are therefore 24 24 MR. FENSTER: O. Okay. And just so I material." understand your question -- or your answer, on the front Do you see that?

146 148 1 1 A. Yes. Q. Does your report --2 Q. Okay. Is that an accurate statement of your 2 A. -- to tell you. 3 Q. -- disclose any analysis as to whether Dasan or opinion? 4 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. Siefert disclosed that limitation? 5 THE WITNESS: It is my opinion, yes. MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 6 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. You -- is it a 6 THE WITNESS: No, it doesn't. Sorry. I'm 7 7 necessary inference that something is material -- that sorry. The Siefert -- it does disclose that the Siefert 8 Dasan and Siefert are material because they each patent contemplates finding documents that correspond to 9 disclose elements of the patents that were not disclosed a user's learning history or educational background. It 10 10 by the prior art that was submitted to the Patent does disclose that. 11 Office? 11 MR. FENSTER: Q. I'm sorry, where are you 12 12 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. reading? 13 THE WITNESS: I see; so you're focusing on the 13 A. Paragraph 197. word "therefore." So as I -- as we've discussed, to be 14 14 Q. Okay. material I think it needs to be something the examine 15 15 A. The second sentence. the examiner would want to consider -- that he would 16 Q. Can you tell me -- actually, did you draft this 16 17 17 consider important and that isn't cumulative. section on materiality? 18 And so they do disclose elements that were not 18 A. Yes, I got -- so I don't know the law. I asked 19 disclosed by the prior art that I believe the examiner 19 the lawyers to explain the law to me. The draft of this 20 2.0 would have wanted to consider. And so I think they are section about what the law states was created by them, 21 therefore material. 21 and then I put -- you know, put it in my words. 22 22 But you're correct, I think -- you know, my But the analysis of what's in the patents and 23 23 opinion's based on both of those. the conclusions that I came to were drafted entirely by 24 MR. FENSTER: I see. 24 25 25 Q. In paragraph 194, the same paragraph --Q. Okay. Regarding obviousness, what is your 147 149 understanding of the standard for obviousness? 1 A. Mm-hm. 2 Q. -- you state that Dasan and Siefert disclose 2 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. elements that were not disclosed by the prior art that 3 THE WITNESS: Well, it's as I set it out here, 3 4 was submitted to the United States Patent Office. that a person of ordinary skill in the art would have 5 Are you aware that examiners can do their own been able to make the combination of prior art that is a 6 searches and that examiners may be aware of other prior 6 claim to the claim. 7 7 art that wasn't submitted to them? Let's see here. We were looking at that 8 8 A. I am, yes. paragraph earlier. I think you may be getting tired. I 9 9 Q. Okay. And did you mean to make that know I am. But -- oh, here we are. 10 distinction in this sentence? 10 We have to consider the scope and content of 11 A. I do not, actually. In fact, you know, I see, 11 the prior art, level of ordinary skill in the relevant 12 art, differences between the claimed invention and the 12 now that we're discussing it, that this sentence is not all that well worded because I really meant to say the 13 prior art, whether the claimed invention would have been prior art that was considered by the Patent Office, not obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in light of 14 14 15 that was submitted to. 15 those differences. 16 16 Q. Got it. Do either Dasan or Siefert disclose So that's basically it. Someone of ordinary 17 retrieving search results that reflect a user's social, 17 skill in the art would have been able to bridge the cultural, educational and economic background or 18 difference between the prior art and the claimed art by 18 19 19 psychological profile? gaining these elements of prior art. 2.0 A. To be honest with you, I'd have to look back at 20 MR. FENSTER: Q. Is it your understanding that 21 the patents in order to -- to tell you. I know that 21 the test is as applied -- that the test for obviousness 22 both of them relate to personal relevance. You know, 22 is applied element by element or to the invention as a 23 whether that relevance has to do with those specific 23 whole? 24 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 24 items, I would have to take another look at the 25 25 THE WITNESS: Well, my understanding is that patents --

152 1 THE WITNESS: I didn't find any such road map.

I found lots of examples of combining various things 3 that were models, if you like, but I didn't find a road

4 map.

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5 MR. FENSTER: Q. Can you show me where in your 6 report you have analysis that claim 1 as a whole --

strike that.

You told me that your understanding is that the test for obviousness is applied to the claim as a whole, correct?

11 A. That's correct.

12 Q. Okay. Can you show me where in your report you discuss claim 1 being obvious as a whole -- that claim 1 as a whole would have been obvious to one of skill in 15 the art in 1999.

A. Do you mean --

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: So following on this discussion

19 of the elements were out there in the ethos, can I point 20 you to a place where I say, okay, so claim 1 itself is 21 obvious?

MR. FENSTER: Q. Yeah, so you've got an individual -- a discussion of the various individual elements and you discuss how you believe they're not --

the individual elements are novel or obvious.

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as opposed to an entire patent. 3 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And now I'm asking

what's obvious is a claim, if that's what you're asking,

actually --5 A. About a claim. Okay.

6 Q. -- within the claim, is it your understanding

7 that the test for obviousness is applied on an

8 element-by-element basis within the claim or to the

9 claim as a whole?

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10 A. No, my understanding is it's applied to the 11 claim as a whole.

12 Q. So, for example, you go through and talk about the various elements in paragraph 92 through 97. For 14 example, at paragraph 97 you concluded that elements 15 1(a), 1(b), 1(d) and 1(i) are not novel.

16 Do you see that?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. And then paragraph 111, you find that paragraph 19 1(a) doesn't contain anything that's not obvious from

20 the prior art.

21 A. Yes.

22 O. So what's the relevance of that statement with

23 respect to an individual element?

24 A. Well --

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MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: The -- for the claim to be nonobvious -- well, sorry. Let me put it differently.

The claim is obvious if one of ordinary skill in the art could have combined the elements from prior art, all the elements that make up the claim, in the manner that the claim itself does combine them, bridging

7 whatever differences there might have been from, you 8 know, their appearance in other related art to the form

9 they take in this combination. 10

So this analysis is part of the analysis that says "Well, look, all of those elements were there. They're in the ethos of Web search in the 1990s. They were available for any inventor, anyone of ordinary or

13 14 extraordinary skill in the art, to combine. And so 15 their combination could be obvious."

16 MR. FENSTER: Q. Do you -- so we've discussed 17 the parts of your report where you've provided a general 18 discussion of the motivation to combine.

Is there any general reference that you point to that provides a road map of how to combine all these various elements that were out there in the ethos -- is there a reference that you look to that provides a road map of how to combine these various elements to get to

24 this combination that was claimed in the '067 patent? 25

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

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But can you show me where the discussion is regarding the claim as a whole not being obvious -- or

being obvious, rather.

A. Yeah, being obvious. MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

6 THE WITNESS: Well, again, that's basically the 7 analysis where I talk about why one skilled in the art

8 would have been motivated to pursue the combination, how

9 the combinations themselves are predictable, don't yield 10 unpredictable results, and that when you analyze these

11 claims in terms of the Graham factors, the scope and

12 content of the prior art, the differences between prior art and claims and the level of skill in the art, they

14 all point to the conclusion that claim 1 and claim 45,

15 and so forth, are obvious. 16

MR. FENSTER: Q. So let's talk a little bit about your understanding -- or your opinions regarding section 112, which start at page 53 of your report.

A. Okay.

20 Q. So as I understand it, you have reached 21 conclusions regarding both written -- invalidity for 22 failure to meet the written description requirement, and 23 separately, invalidity for failure to meet the

enablement requirement. Is that correct?

requirement of section 112?

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Q. What is your understanding of the standard for

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: Well, the written -- roughly, I

validity under section -- under the written description

think the requirement is that a person of ordinary skill

invention for the purpose that's claimed, or, I guess,

you know, in the technical sense, that the -- it's that

the invention really was in possession of the inventor.

understanding as to the relationship between the written

description requirement and the enablement requirement

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

MR. FENSTER: Q. What is your understanding as

THE WITNESS: Well, I think that both

enablement, for the patent to be -- to issue.

It says -- let me just read in what it says here.

itself has to be sufficiently clear, concise

"The description written in the patent

conditions have to be met, both written description and

to the standard for validity under written description?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: Well, I mean, I think I said it.

MR. FENSTER: O. Do you have -- what is your

must be able, by reading the patent, to make and use the

156 THE WITNESS: The enablement. Yes.

2 MR. FENSTER: O. Can you state those 3 conclusions.

4 A. Well, yes. I think that the -- that it's --

does not -- does not meet the enablement standard. I 6 think it would require undue experimentation, at the 7 very least.

Q. Okay. And does that conclusion apply to all asserted claims?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Well, the purpose of the invention is to provide the user of the method or system

13 with documents that are relevant to their queries and 14 match their background and psychological profile. 15

I think to -- at the very least, enormous 16 quantities of experimentation, certainly undue

17 experimentation, would be required by anyone following 18 the descriptions given in the patent itself --

MR. FENSTER: Q. Why?

20 A. -- to accomplish that.

Q. Why?

22 A. Well, there are a number of reasons for that.

So, I mean, one is that the patent just doesn't even really give any working examples of how to follow

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the prescription that it lays out for the invention so

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and exact, that any person skilled in the art to which it pertains or with which it's

most nearly connected could make and use the

4 same," the invention.

under section 112?

And it also has to set forth this preferred embodiment, the best mode contemplated by the invention.

7 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. Are you reading from 8 paragraph 199?

A. Yes, I am.

Q. And what is your understanding as to the standard for validity -- or the standard to meet the enablement requirement of section 112?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Well, the part that I've focused on is that the person of ordinary skill should be able to follow the description as it's described in the patent. They have to be able to make it and use it

without undue experimentation. 18 19 MR. FENSTER: Q. And can you state your 20 opinion regarding the validity of each of the -- strike

21 that. 22

And did you reach any conclusions regarding the validity of any of the asserted claims in connection with the enablement standard?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

that the results will match the user's background.

It asserts that they will, but it doesn't -when you -- when you actually look through the working examples, those are -- those don't actually show how it

A second is that it's actually well known in information retrieval that when you start following the kinds of procedures that the patent itself describes, such as counting the number of occurrences of identified segments in text and so forth, that the raw counts of these don't even provide very good results, just for simple relevance to queries, for a host of reasons.

For example, larger documents tend to have higher counts of the segment -- of given segments in them than smaller ones do. But they may not be, by any means, the most relevant to a query.

So in information retrieval, what one does is to normalize counts by length of documents, to apply other techniques, such as TFIDF, to distinguish between frequent terms that are not very good discriminators between documents and terms that are pretty frequent and are good discriminators between documents and therefor helpful in determining the relevance of a document to a query.

There is -- there is lots of kinds of

- 1 operations of this kind that are needed in order to make
- information retrieval systems work well, none of which
- 3 are described in the patent. So I think that a person
- of ordinary skill reading the patent would be obliged to
- 5 do an enormous amount of experimentation to try to make
- 6 the thing work at all, let alone for its intended
- 7 purpose.

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- Q. Did you apply the same standard for a person of ordinary skill in the art when you did your obviousness analysis as when you did your written description and enablement analysis?
  - MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.
- 13 THE WITNESS: I did.
  - MR. FENSTER: Q. So it's the same person of skill in the art that we're talking about that would find it impossible to make and use the claimed invention without undue experimentation that would also find the
- 18 same invention obvious in light of the prior art; is 19 that correct?
- 20 A. Yes, that's -- that's right. Someone with a --21 you know, the bachelor's degree we talked about and a 22 couple of years of graduate study or experience.
- 23 Q. And you taught lots of these -- lots of 24 students that you think qualify as people of ordinary
- 25 skill in the art back in 1999, correct?

1 combination -- the claimed invention based on the prior 2

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- 3 A. Well, I explained in another section of my 4 report my concerns about the usefulness. But -- and --
- so I do have -- I do have doubts about whether they could have succeeded. But I certainly don't think that 7 it would have been anything but obvious if they had the
- 8 goal that this inventor had to try combining those
- 9 things -- those elements.
- 10 And if they had succeeded in actually doing 11 this, what they would have needed to disclose, in my 12 opinion, about their invention would be a great deal 13 more information through worked-out examples and 14 explicit guidance for these kinds of tuning that I've
- 15 been describing of how to do that in order to lead to 16 success.
- 17 Q. So --
- 18 A. In the absence of that, I don't think, you 19
- know, they would have deserved a patent for their 20
- 21 Q. Okay. Your conclusion on obviousness is that 22 one of skill in the art, someone like one of your former
- 23 students, it would have been obvious to such a person to
- 24 make this invention based on the prior art that existed 25
  - as of 1999, correct?

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MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: I was teaching students like that then, yes, that's right.

3 4 MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And so you had -- so

- one of your students who was a person of ordinary skill
- 6 in the art would have been able to make and use the 7 claimed invention from the prior art -- it would have
- 8 been obvious for him or her to do so; is that your
- 9 opinion?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

11 THE WITNESS: No, it's my -- it's my opinion 12 that that person would have found it obvious -- given the motivation, given the aim -- would have found it 13

obvious to try combining those elements.

It would have been obvious, looking around at the field, to try combining the various elements that we identified into a single whole to create an invention of this kind.

And maybe it would have worked; maybe it would not have worked; but it would have been obvious to try that combination.

21 22 MR. FENSTER: Q. I see. So in reaching your 23 conclusion regarding obviousness, you -- do you have any 24 opinion as to whether one of skill in the art would have 25 actually been able to successfully make the

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: It would have been obvious for them, that's right, to try and combine those elements to create an invention for this purpose.

MR. FENSTER: Q. Okay. And do you have any opinion as to whether such a person, a person of ordinary skill in the art, would have actually been able to make, successfully, the claimed invention based on the prior art?

- A. Successfully make it. That would be really 11 pure speculation on my part. I find it surprising, but 12 that would be pure speculation.
  - Q. Okay. So you have not reached any affirmative opinion that one of skill in the art in 1999 would have been able to successfully make any of the claimed -- any of the inventions claimed in the asserted claims based on the prior art available in 1999?

MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. MR. FENSTER: O. Is that right?

A. Well, let's be careful here. What I'm -- what 20 21 is it that's supposed to not be obvious? Is it --

- 22 Q. Can you answer my question?
- 23 A. I'm trying to. You know, I'm trying to be 24 careful about exactly what the question is.
- 25 Q. Okay.

162 164 1 1 A. So can you rephrase it. And it goes on to say that then the preferred 2 Q. Do you believe that a person of skill in the 2 embodiment, there's really just one very simple form of 3 art would have been able to successfully make the pattern. Now -- so the question is, would matching inventions claimed in the '067 patent based on the prior patterns in the documents that are retrieved to the 5 art available as of 1999? patterns that were in the user's linguistic data --6 A. So by "successfully make the inventions 6 well, first of all, would that even return relevant 7 7 claimed," you mean not only to assemble the component documents? 8 parts as described, but that they would actually have 8 The patterns might be so crude that the 9 9 returned search results that did match the user's documents that were returned were not even relevant to 10 the query. But then if you -- you know, so there is 10 background and psychological profile. 11 O. Yes. 11 actually a literature on how to -- how to adjust the 12 12 A. So as I say, I don't -- I -- it would be parameters, you know, how to do things like 13 speculation on my part. I would find it very surprising 13 normalization by document length and text frequency b 14 if one of ordinary skill could do that. 14 inverse document frequency. And you can do similar 15 15 Q. As of the date of the invention, correct? things with patterns. 16 A. That's correct, yes. 16 So there's a literature on how to deal with at 17 Q. If you could turn to paragraph 207. 17 least the relevance question. But there's the further 18 A. Okay. 18 personalization issue here, which is what the patent's 19 Q. You state first that "The '067 patent, 19 really about. 20 20 however, does not teach how to use the parts And so to make the retrieved documents actually 21 of speech that comprise the linguistic 21 be the ones that are relevant to the user would require 22 patterns in order to return search results 22 additional tuning, about which there's not much relevan 23 23 that correspond to a user's social literature, and there's certainly none in the patent. 24 background." 24 MR. FENSTER: Q. So you think that there is 25 25 enough of a blueprint for the -- for one of skill in the Do you see that? 163 art to make a system that retrieved documents that 1 A. Yes. 2 matched the linguistic patterns of the user profile, but Q. You continue, "The match factor, as that that wouldn't necessarily correspond -- that 3 described by the '067 patent, would merely 4 return results that had similar combinations wouldn't necessarily result in results correlating to 5 5 of nouns, verbs and adjectives." the user's background and profile; is that right? 6 Do you see that? 6 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 7 7 A. Yes. THE WITNESS: Yes, I'm prepared to stipulate to 8 the first part, and I -- and I believe it would not Q. So if I'm understanding you right, you're 9 9 saying that the patent wouldn't succeed at delivering necessarily correlate. In fact, I know it wouldn't. It 10 10 would depend heavily on what the patterns were that you documents that match the user's background; it would 11 11 only succeed in returning results that had linguistic chose to look for. 12 MR. FENSTER: Got it. 12 patterns that matched the user's background. Is that 13 O. And skipping ahead to the utility -- your 13 right? 14 utility opinion, I think -- building off what I just 14 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. understood, is it fair to say that you find that it 15 THE WITNESS: So -- yes. I'm saying -- I'm 15 16 16 saying that it would succeed -- and let's say it will wouldn't -- that it's invalid for lack of utility 17 succeed. I think it's clear enough that you could -- a 17 because it wouldn't work, because just finding a 18 18 person of ordinary skill could make it succeed in document that has matching linguistic characteristics 19 19 matching patterns that were the same patterns that were may not necessarily give you a document that matches the 20 20 extracted, for example, from the user's linguistic data. user's background and profile? 21 21 But, now, depending on what those patterns MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 22 22 are -- remember, all that the patent says about the THE WITNESS: Yes, that's a -- that's a 23 choice of patterns is, "Well, this is a matter of design 23 critical part of this. There really are two parts as 24 choice." And it doesn't give any guidance on how to 24 regards utilities. One is that, as you say, it's not 25 just enough for the particular patterns that happen to make these design choices.

166 168 be -- happen to have been selected in a particular 1 useful and nonobvious, right. All of those things. instantiation of this to match, but that has to result 2 So why would -- why is it useful? Well, the 3 3 in people of similar backgrounds getting similar invention states what it's for. It's to provide, to a documents, but furthermore -- I mean, that must happer variety of different users, documents that are 5 5 not just by accident; it has to happen systematically, appropriate to their background and psychological 6 right. In other words, people of different backgrounds profile. And so to really be useful, it should do 7 need to get documents that are appropriate to their exactly that. That's my understanding. 8 different backgrounds, so they'll need to get different Q. How well does an invention have to work for its 9 9 stated purpose in order to be valid under section 101, 10 MR. FENSTER: Q. Does the claim require that 10 in your view? 11 last bit? I noticed that you said that in -- for 11 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. 12 example, in paragraph 207 that it has to be adequate to THE WITNESS: I don't know, you know, what the 12 13 discriminate between people of varying backgrounds. Is cutoff is. 14 14 that a requirement of the claim, in your view? MR. FENSTER: Q. Does it have to work most of 15 15 A. Well, just think about it. The dashes the -the time? 16 16 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. as the patents itself explains -- let's say you have a 17 17 12-year-old child and a physician, who are both MR. FENSTER: O. Some of the time? 18 18 searching for something. Let's say, for example, A. I would think it would at least have to work 19 they're both searching for, I don't know, Hodgkin's 19 some of the time, yes. I would think it has to work 20 20 lymphoma or something like this. some of the time. 21 So one of the problems with a lot of the 21 Q. Do you have any -- seriously, do you have any 22 22 current search is the 12-year-old child is going to get understanding as to what degree an invention should work 23 23 things way above the child's reading level, completely for its stated purpose in order to meet the utility inappropriate, not match that child's background for 24 requirement of section 101? 25 A. No, I -- I don't know exactly what standard the 25 that query. 167 169 1 1 And conversely, the physician is going to get examiner applies. lots of stuff that is for laypeople; it's not technical, O. Do you have any understanding as to -- as to 2 3 not what he was looking for, given his extensive medical what degree the claimed invention works for its stated 4 4 purpose? background. 5 5 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Objection. Form. So if the system can't, for the same query, 6 produce different documents for people that have 6 THE WITNESS: I haven't seen it tested 7 7 different backgrounds in the cases where different anywhere. 8 MR. FENSTER: Q. So you don't know? 8 documents are suitable, it's not doing what it's claimed 9 9 to do. It's not providing the utility that it says that A. So I don't know how well it actually works. 10 10 MS. PALLIOS ROBERTS: Counsel, if we're at a it will provide. 11 You know, if it only -- it always provides 11 natural breaking point, can we take a break. 12 12 MR. FENSTER: Sure. professor-like documents and so, you know, I get good documents when I use it. It's working fine for me. But 13 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now off the record at 13 14 it's not an invention of the kind that it claims to be, 14 4:35. 15 because when an elementary school student or when 15 (Recess taken.) 16 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record at 16 somebody who is very highly educated but doesn't know 17 about my particular field makes the same kind of search, 17 4:52. MR. FENSTER: Q. Dr. Peters, can I ask you to 18 18 they get the same documents I do. 19 turn to pages 14 and 15 of your report. 19 Q. And is it your understanding that in order to 20 20 A. All right. Yes. meet the utility requirement of section 101 of the 21 21 patent code, that an invention -- that this invention Q. Okay. So in the middle of page 14, you have 22 22 would have to meet that requirement of giving different the characteristics of the system claimed by the '067 23 23 patent, and you state, "I will discuss the steps," results for different people? 24 24 A. So -- yes. I mean, the invention was found by slash, "elements of the claims below." the examiner, and so that's presumed to be new and 25 Do you see that?